# The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXVIII. NO. 6. GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 1, 1868. WHOLE NO. 3490.

HARPER, MCCONAUGHY & SCHELL,

PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,

*Baltimore street, between the Court-house and Diamond,*

*Gettysburg, Pa.*

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Wednesday afternoon, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞ The circulation of THE STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms, CASH.


## Professional Cards, &c.

D. M'CONAUGHY, JOHN M. KRAUTH

*Attorneys and Counsellors.*

D. McCONAUGHY has associated JOHN M. KRAUTH, Esq., in the practice of the law, at his old office, one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.

Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.

Land warrants located and choice Farms for sale, in Iowa and other western States. [Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.

Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. [May 29, 1867.

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.

Reference.—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster, Pa. May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.

☞ Office at his residence in the three story building opposite the Court House [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Court of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington.

R. G. McCREARY,

May 29, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL

Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist, Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite Dr. R. Horner's Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the province of the Dentist.—Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call.

May 29, 1867.

DR. C. W. BENSON

HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, corner of Lombard street and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases. [Littlestown, Nov. 12, 1867.

## Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond next door to McClellan's Hotel. Gettysburg Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. Having seven excellent assistants he will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call.

May 29, 1867.

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned, having taken out a Conveyancer's License, will, in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING OF SALES, &C.

Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Post office address—Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa. J. S. WITHEROW

May 29, 1867.—1y

OH! YES! OH! YES!

THE undersigned having taken out an Auctioneer's License, offers his services to the public, and would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to attend promptly to all business entrusted to him. By strict attention to business he hopes to render entire satisfaction. ☞ Charges will be very moderate, and all favors gratefully acknowledged in all cases. Address—

HIRAM ALBERT,

Clearspring, York Co. Pa.

May 29, 1867.—tf.

OH YES! OH YES!

The undersigned having taken out an Auctioneer's License offers his services to the public as a SALE CRYER and will attend to the selling of Real and Personal Property when ever called upon. Having had fifteen years experience he hopes to be able to give general satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call.

JAMES CALDWELL.

Residence, Chambersburg street, Gettysburg.

Oct. 16, 1867.—3m

## NOTICE.

I WILL be in Gettysburg with Flour, &c., every MONDAY and FRIDAY in each week. Persons who may desire me to furnish them with either Flour or Feed-stuff, will leave their orders, either with John Ostmer or Danner & Ziegler, stating the kind and quantity wanted, when the same will be delivered at their dwellings, by

Sept. 25, 1867.—tf GEORGE GINGELL.

CAPITALISTS LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

J. C. ZOUCK, REAL ESTATE AGENT.

*NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.*

HAS TWO NO. 1 STORE STANDS, for Sale or Rent, with Stock of Goods, doing a first-rate business, situated near a Railroad, in splendid villages. Healthy locations. A good chance for either wishing to engage in the business. A rare chance is offered if applied for immediately. Possession given any time.

Also, 150 Farms, Mills, Country Seats, Foundries, Machine Shops, Town Lots, &c., in Pennsylvania and Maryland, for sale, ranging in prices from $800 to $40,000.

☞ Any person wishing to purchase property, as well as to sell through my agency, will do well to call on the subscriber, or address by letter.

Oct. 30.—3m J. C. ZOUCK, Agent.

Address—New Oxford, Adams county, Penna.

## NOTICE.

THE subscriber has now thoroughly repaired his GRIST AND SAW MILL, known as "McILHENNY'S MILL" on Marsh creek and is prepared to do GRINDING AND SAWING of every kind at short notice. He solicits the patronage of the neighborhood, and will guarantee satisfaction. Give us a call.

June 12, 1867.—tf GEORGE GINGELL.

## Sewing Machines.

FINKLE & LYON

LOCK-STITCH

SEWING MACHINE.

The only Machine so perfected that entire satisfaction is guaranteed or the purchase money refunded.

When we have no Agent a sample Machine will be sold at very low price, and a Local Agent appointed on the most favorable terms.

N. B.—AN AGENT wanted in every town. Send for circular. Traveling Agents wanted. Salary, liberal.

FINKLE & LYON S M. CO.

587 Broadway, New York.

July 3, 1867.—6m

THE HOWE MACHINE CO.'S

SEWING MACHINES,

699 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

These World-renowned Sewing Machines were awarded the Highest Premiums at the World's Fair, in London, on all six First Premiums at the N. Y. State Fair of 1866, and are celebrated for doing the best work, using a much smaller needle for the same thread than any other machine, and by the introduction of the most approved machinery, we are now able to supply the very best machines in the world.

These machines are made at our new and spacious Factory at Bridgeport, Conn., under the immediate supervision of the President of the Company, ELIAS HOWE, jr., the original inventor of the Sewing Machine.

They are adapted to all kinds of Family Sewing, and to the use of Seamstresses, Dress Makers, Tailors, Manufacturers of Shirts, Collars, Skirts, Cloaks, Manillas, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Boots, Shoes, Harness, Saddles, Linen Goods, Umbrellas, Parasols, etc. They work equally well upon silk, linen, cotton or woolen goods with silk cotton or linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid, bind and perform every species of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the article sewed.

The Stitch invented by Mr. HOWE, and made on this Machine, is the most popular and durable, and all Sewing Machines are subject to the principle invented by him. Send for Circulars.

SIBLEY & STOOPS, General Agents,

March 19, 1867.—1y No. 922 Chestnut St., Phila.

SEWING MACHINES!

THE GROVER & BAKER.

THE BEST IN USE.—These Machines have become so well known that little need be said by way of recommendation. They have taken the first premium at all the late State Fairs, and are universally acknowledged to be the BEST in use by all who have tried them. The "Grover & Baker Stitch" and the "Shuttle Stitch" are points that have been attained by no other Machine—They are the only Machines that sew and embroider with perfection. These Machines are peculiarly adapted to Family use. They fell and hem at once, sew directly from the spool without rewinding, and are simple in their construction. They are easy to manage, and can be worked by almost any child. *Every family should have one. They save labor, they save time, and they save money*, and do their work better than it can be done by hand.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Machines, has established an Agency in Fairfield, Adamsco., where he will always have on hand a supply. Persons wishing to buy will please call and examine for themselves.

☞ Needles and Thread will also be supplied.

J. S. WITHEROW Agent,

Aug. 16, 1866.—tf. Fairfield, Adams county, Pa

## Groceries.

JOHN HENDRICKS. HIRAM WARREN.

RECONSTRUCTION.

*IF YOU WANT TO BUY*

GROCERIES

cheap, come to our store in East York street where everything in our line will be sold at a short profit.

Everything kept in a first class grocery, will be found there, also

CONFECTIONS AND NOTIONS, TOBACCO AND SEGARS,

Produce taken in exchange for goods, cash paid for old rags.

☞ Farmers come and see

THE WONDER OF THE AGE,

Warren's Electric Churn,

which makes one-fourth more butter than any other Churn (out of the same cream.) We keep them for sale and will be pleased to show them. Don't forget the place.

HENDRICKS & WARREN.

Gettysburg, Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

BARGAINS

at the new

GROCERY

IN GETTYSBURG.

JOHN CRESS & SON

HAVING opened a new Grocery in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, have just received a splendid assortment of FRESH

GROCERIES,

including Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, Teas, Spices, Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c. Also,

QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS,

Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED-STUFFS. Having purchased for CASH, we are prepared to sell very cheap. Give us a call and judge for yourselves.

JOHN CRESS,

Sept. 25, 1867.—tf J. W. CRESS.

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

HENRY OVERDEER,

*On the Hill in Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.*

HAS made arrangements to get fresh supplies every week from the City and is determined to sell cheap. He invites all to give them a call, his stock consists of Groceries, Notions, Flour, Corn Meal, Choped Feed, Corn, Oats, Fish, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, Crackers, Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Syrup, Molasses, Candles, Coal Oil, Fish Oil Tar, Best Cider, Vinegar, and a great variety of Notions, Candies, &c., &c.

☞ The cash or trade will be given for County Produce such as Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Rags, &c. [May 29, 1867.—tf

NEW GROCERY STORE!

TELL EVERYBODY TO SEE THAT

GILBERT,

JUST above the Court-House, and opposite the *Compiler* Office, will sell you everything in the GROCERY AND PROVISION line cheaper than you can get it elsewhere.

Sugars, Coffees, Molasses,

Candles, Coal Oil, Syrups, Brooms,

Buckets, Tubs, Tobacco, Cigars,

Notions of all kinds. HAM, FISH, OYSTERS, VEGETABLES, always on hand. Give me a call, as I am determined to accommodate. BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of Country Produce taken, for which the highest cash price will be given. Don't forget the place—two doors above the Court-House. Don't pass without calling, as I solicit your patronage.

May 29.—tf

New Grocery & Flour Store.

MEALS & BROTHER,

HAVING opened a Grocery, Flour and Vegetable Store, in the Room formerly occupied by Geo. Little, on West Middle street, they extend an invitation to all buyers to give them a call.—Everything in their line, fresh from the city and country, will be kept on hand. They are determined to sell, as cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the fowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

MEALS & BRO.

May 29, 1866.

Grocery and Liquor Store!

*A large assortment of fine*

G-ROCERIES,

Teas, Coffees, White Sugars of all kinds, and Brown Sugars, cheap, prime new crop Orleans Molasses, and all grades of Syrups; MESS MACKEREL, best in market—of all kinds of

LIQUORS,

wholesale and retail, prime Wine, Brandy, Rye Whisky &c., for medicinal and other purposes, in any quantity.

☞ B. Mishler's Herb Bitters, and the "Great Zingari Bitters."

WM J. MARTIN,

May 29, 1867.—tf Baltimore st., Gettysburg.

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS, TOBACCOS,

ALSO,

*Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware,*

☞ A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in a FAMILY GROCERY.

Dec. 4, 1867.—tf

GRAIN AND GROCERIES.—The highest Market price paid for Grain and all kinds of Produce. Groceries, Fertilizers, &c., constantly on hand for sale at the Ware-house of

Aug. 9 1866 CULP & EARNSHAW.

## Millinery.

MILLINERY.

MRS. LOU TATE

RESPECTFULLY informs her friends and the public generally, that she has just returned from the city with

THE LATEST STYLES OF

BONNETS, HATS, &C.,

in the Millinery line, and that she is prepared to make and repair BONNETS, HATS, &c., in the most fashionable styles.

☞ Her place of business is in Dr. T. T. TATE'S new Cottage in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg.

Nov. 6.—2m*

Millinery & Mantua Making.

BARBARA RITTER AND REBECCA A. FINK

HAVE started the Millinery and Mantua-making trades, in Chambersburg street, in the rear of Buehler's Store, and invite the ladies of town and country to give them a call.

☞ Everything in their line, fresh from the city, will be kept on hand. They are determined to sell, as cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867.

Mantua Making & Stamping

*Mary M. Van Orsdal & Miss Wilson*

HAVING commenced the Mantua Making business, respectfully request their friends and the public generally to give them a call. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction in every case.

PLAIN STITCHING & SEWING done to order, at the place of business will be found conveniently occupied by Miss Mackley, on York Street, nearly opposite the Lutheran Church.

Dec. 16.—3m

## Forwarding Houses.

NEW FIRM

IN

*NEW OXFORD, ADAMS CO., PENNA.*

HERSH & BROTHER,

HAVE taken the Ware-house recently occupied by D. Hoke.

They are now paying the HIGHEST PRICES for

GRAIN & PRODUCE.

Constantly on hand

*CHOICE SELECTIONS*

OF

LUMBER, COAL & GROCERIES.

JAMES HERSH,

New Oxford, Oct. 30, 1867. 3m PAUL HERSH.

M'CURDY & HAMILTON,

DEALERS IN

*FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.*

THE undersigned are paying at their Ware house, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY-SEEDS, POTATOES, &c., &c.,

and invite producers to give them a call before selling. They have constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt, Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds. They likewise have

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and A A Mexican Guano.

Whilst they pay the highest market prices for all they buy, they sell at the lowest living profits. They ask a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.

ROBERT McCURDY,

July 3, 1867.—tf WM. S. HAMILTON.

DANIEL GULDEN,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS,

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, LUMBER, COAL, &c.

THE undersigned keeps on hand, at his Ware House, known as "*Gulden's Station*," in Straban township on the line of the Gettysburg Railroad, all kinds of

GROCERIES,

including Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Spices, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c. Also,

LUMBER AND COAL,

including Building Stuff, Shingles, Laths, Stove and Blacksmith Coal. Also, Guano, and a large assortment of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes that is sold Cheap for Cash, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest prices.

He also pays the highest market price for Flour, Grain, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Potatoes, &c., or will receive and forward the same to market on commission. He respectfully asks his friends and the public to give him a call. DANIEL GULDEN.

Aug. 21, 1867.—tf

FORWARDING

AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

HAVING purchase the extensive Warehouse Cars, &c., heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, we beg leave to inform the public that we are continuing the business at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are paying the highest market price for Flour, Grain and all kinds of produce,

Flour and Feed, Coal, and all kinds of Groceries, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

We also keep on hand all kinds of fertilizers, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

☞ A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every DAY AND MORNING, and accumodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 165 north Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call. CULP & EARNSHAW.

Aug. 9, 1866.

W. E. BIDDLE. H. S. BENNER.

100,000 Bushs. Grain Wanted.

NEW FIRM AT THE OLD WARE-HOUSE. WM. E. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have taken the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on

THE GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS,

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES.—On hand, for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Rice, Brooms, Buckets, Dried Beef, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobacco.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guano and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

They will run a LINE OF FREIGHT CARS from Gettysburg to Baltimore once every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity, at REDUCED RATES. They will attend, if desired, to the making of Insurance in the city, and delivering the goods promptly in Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of Nathan Roop & Co., No. 123 North Howard street, near Franklin, Baltimore, where freight will be received at anytime. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

April 19, 1866.—tf BIDDLE & BENNER.

## Hotels and Restaurants.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

OPPOSITE THE

N. Y. & NEW HAVEN & WESTERN R. R. DEPOT,

BEACH STREET, BOSTON.

*BY F. M. PRATT,*

FORMERLY OF THE AMERICAN HOUSE.

Oct. 9, 1867.—3y

KEYSTONE HOTEL,

*GETTYSBURG, PA.*

WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.

NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867.

EAGLE HOTEL,

The largest and most commodious in

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

corner of Chambersburg and Washington streets.

*JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.*

☞ An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains.

Careful servants, and reasonable charges.

May 29, 1867.—tf

## Foundry.

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers would inform the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines most wanted, at short notice, such as

Threshers and Powers,

(five different sizes of Powers, three sizes Shellers and Cleaners), Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornfodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters, Ploughs, such as Cast, Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Side-hill and Corn Ploughs, &c.

Wire-spring Horse Rake,

the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses, Iron Railing, &c. Persons in want of Castings of any description, will do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. All work warranted to give satisfaction.

DAVID STERNER.

May 15—tf

## Carpenters and Contractors.

WM. C. STALLSMITH & SON,

*GETTYSBURG, PA.,*

CARPENTERS & CONTRACTORS,

Are prepared to do all kinds of Carpentering—contracting and erecting buildings of all kinds, Repairing, &c. They keep constantly on hand and manufacture, order,

DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACKETS,

*And any other Articles in the Building Line.*

Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.

☞ Orders promptly attended to.

WM. C. STALLSMITH,

Sept. 18, 1867.—tf C. H. STALLSMITH.

G. C. CASHMAN. H. H. ROWE

CARPENTERING.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that they have commenced the Carpenting in the Shop formerly occupied by George Schryock, deceased. We are prepared to do any work in our line of business and as reasonable as any other establishment in Gettysburg.

We hope by a strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867.—tf CASHMAN & ROWE.

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY.

AND ALL OTHERS

*WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.*

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the

CARPENTERING BUSINESS

at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced Hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.

☞ Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867. WM CHRITZMAN.

## Coal, Lumber, Lime, &c.

GETTYSBURG

LIME KILNS.

THE undersigned has bought out his former partner, WM GUINN, and now continues the

LIME-BURNING BUSINESS

himself—at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns; on the corner of the Railroad and North Stratton street. Thankful for past patronage, he will endeavor to deserve its continuance, by prosecuting the business as vigorously and on as large a scale as possible—always selling a good article and giving go measure. Farmers and others may look for the prompt filling of orders.

He also keeps on hand

COAL BUSINESS,

offering the most popular kinds. House keepers and others should give him a call. Blacksmith Coal constant ly on hand.

Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

Gettysburg, Nov. 20, 1867.—tf JACOB REILEY.

LIME FOR SALE

AT

Michael Leer's Old Stand

AT

*PETERSBURG, Y. & ADAMS COUNTY, PENNA.*

JOHN AND PETER BECKMAN

WOULD respectfully announce to the public that they are now prepared to furnish lime in any quantity. Persons would do well to give them a call before going elsewhere as they will find them accommodating in every respect.

Nov. 20, 1867—3m

LUMBER, & COAL,

*AN IMMENSE STOCK!*

CORNER OF CARLISLE ST. AND THE RAILROAD, GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

IN order to give the public something like an adequate idea of the immense stock of Lumber, Coal, Stoves, Tin-ware, &c., &c., on hand and for sale by the undersigned, at his establishment, in Carlisle st., across the Railroad from the Passenger Station, he would enumerate as far as the limits of a newspaper advertisement will allow.

IN THE LUMBER LINE:

Boards and Plank of every grade, from ceilings to panel, Joists and Scantling, pine and hemlock, Siding, planed and unplaned, Flooring, Shingles, Shingle Laths, Plastering Laths, Pickets, ready-made Doors and Sash, Blinds and Shutters,—in fact, everything used for building purposes.

IN THE COAL LINE:

Shamokin White Ash and Lykens Valley Red Ash, these two varieties being the purest and best for all domestic purposes. Also the very best Broad-top and Allegheny Smith Coal.

☞ For particulars of Stoves, Tinware, &c., see advertisement under head of Stoves and Tinware.

C. H. BUEHLER.

July 3, 1867.

NEW LUMBER YARD.

THE undersigned has opened a LUMBER YARD, on the Railroad, Near Guinn & Reilly's Lime Kilns, Gettysburg and asks the public to give him a call. His assortment is one of the best ever offered here, and his prices afford only the smallest living profit. He has WHITE PINE PLANK, inch and half BOARDS, FLOORING, PALINGS, &c., &c., and is constantly adding to his stock. Come and examine for yourselves.

☞ A supply of Shingles, at low prices, always on hand

Nov. 1, 1866.—tf. JACOB SHEADS.

SHINGLES.—Prime Shingles, the best in the market, for sale at JACOB SHEADS' new lumber Yard, on the Railroad, adjoining the Lime Kilns, Gettysburg. [Nov. 1866.—tf

## Marble Yards.

CANNON'S MARBLE WORKS

CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND EAST MIDDLE ST., OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE.

*GETTYSBURG, PA.,*

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK EXECUTED IN THE FINEST STYLE OF THE ART.

May 29, 1867.—tf

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD.

MEALS & BRO.

In East York Street Gettysburg, Pa. Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of work in their line,

SUCH AS MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES

MANTLES, &C., &C.

to the shortest notice, and as cheap as the cheapest. Give us a call. Photos taken in exchange for work.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

## The Star and Sentinel.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

*President Judge*—Robert J. Fisher.

*Associate Judges*—Isaac E. Wierman, Isaac Robinson.

*Prothonotary*—Jacob A. Kitzmiller.

*Register and Recorder*—Wm. D. Holtzworth.

*Clerk of the Courts*—A. W. Winter.

*District Attorney*—A. J. Cover.

*Treasurer*—Jacob Sheads.

*Sheriff*—Philip Bream.

*Coroner*—Dr. W. J. McClure.

*Surveyor*—J. S. Witherow.

*Commissioners*—Samuel Wolf, Nicholas Wierman, Jacob Levi. *Clerk*—J. M. Walter. *Counsel*—E. S. Buehler.

*Directors of the Poor*—John Nunemaker, John Rahn, Martin Gerts. *Steward*—Isaac Johns. *Clerk*—H. G. Wolf. *Treasurer*—C rnelius Daugherty. *Counsel*—Wm. McClean. *Physician*—J. W. C. O'Neal.

*Auditors*—Martin Spangler, Jacob Pitzenarik, Jacob Hull.

BOROUGH OF GETTYSBURG.

*Burgess*—R. G. McCreary.

*Council*—James J. Mills, Alexander Spangler, David Warfel, George A. Arnhaw, William H. Culp, Wm. F. Baker. *Clerk*—Jeremiah Culp. *Treasurer*—Samuel R. Russell.

*Constables*—Michael Crilly, George W. Welker.

*School Directors*—David A. Buehler, Robert Sheads, John Rupp, Hiram Warren, John F. McCreary, A. J. Cover *Secretary*—John F. McCreary. *Treasurer*—E. G. Fahnestock.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

*President*—George Swope.

*Cashier*—J. Emory Bair.

*Teller*—Henry S. Benner.

*Directors*—George Swope, William Young, Henry Wirt, James J. Wills, David Kendlehart, Wm. McSherry, William D. Hinds, Lewis M. Motter, Marcus Samson.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.

*President*—George Throne.

*Cashier*—George Arnold.

*Teller*—A. M. Hunter.

*Directors*—George Throne, David McConaughy, John Brough, Robert Bell, John Horner, George Arnold, William Culp.

EVER-GREEN CEMETERY.

*President*—J. L. Schick.

*Secretary*—William B. Meals.

*Treasurer*—Alexander Cobean.

*Managers*—John Rupp, Andrew Polley, Josiah Benner, George Spangler, George Little, William B. Meals, Alexander Cobean.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

*President*—George Swope.

*Vice President*—Samuel R. Russell.

*Secretary*—David A. Buehler.

*Treasurer*—Edward McAllister.

*Executive Committee*—Robert McCurdy, Henry A. Picking, Jacob King

ADAMS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

*President*—Samuel Herbst.

*Vice Presidents*—William McSherry, J. S. Witherow.

*Recording Secretary*—Edward G. Fahnestock.

*Corresponding Secretary*—Henry J. Stahle.

*Treasurer*—Jame Rontzahn.

*Managers*—William B. Wilson, William Wible, David Wills, Elisha Tyson, John H. McClellan.

BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

*President*—Edward G. Fahnestock.

*Vice President*—William A Duncan.

*Secretary*—John F. McCreary

*Treasurer*—Jacob A. Kitzmiller.

*Managers*—C. Henry Buehler, J. W. C. O'Neal, John Rupp, John Culp (of M.), Wm. Curtitzman.

GAS COMPANY.

*President*—M. Jacobs, D. D.

*Secretary*—Wm. A. Duncan.

*Treasurer*—Joel B. Danner.

*Managers*—A. D. Buehler E. G. Fahnestock, H. D. Watties, C. D. Carson, W. A. Duncan, J. B. Danner.

WATER COMPANY.

*President*—George W. McClellan.

*Secretary and Treasurer*—Samuel R. Russell.

*Managers*—G. W. McClellan, George Swope, E. B. Buehler, S. R. Russell H. J. Stahle.

GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.

*Superintendent*—Robert Mechesney.

*Secretary and Treasurer*—David Wills.

| | First. | Second |
|---|---|---|
| Trains depart | 8:35 A. M. | 1:30 P. M |
| " arrive | 12:40 P. M. | 5:40 P. M |

Both trains make close connections for Baltimore. The morning train makes close connection for Harrisburg and Eastern and Western points

ASSOCIATIONS.

*Gettys Lodge, No. 124, I. O. O. F.*—Meets corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, every Tuesday evening.

*Union Encampment, No. 29, I. O. O. F.*—In Odd Fellows' Hall, 1st and 3d Monday in each month.

*Good Samaritan Lodge, No. 83, A. Y. M.*—Corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, 2d and 4th Thursday in each month.

*Gen. Reynolds Lodge No. 189, I. O. G. T.*—On Baltimore street every Monday evening.

*Gettysburg Lodge, No.——, I. O. G. T.*—In Star and Sentinel Building, every Friday evening.

*Cayuga Tribe, No. 31, I. O. R. M.*—In McConaughy's Hall every Friday evening.

*Pilot No. 9, G. A. R.*—In Star and Sentinel Building, every Monday evening.

*Adams Division, No. 214, S. T.*—In Star and Sentinel Building (up stairs) every Wednesday evening.

CHURCHES.

*Presbyterian*—Rev. Edsall Ferrier, Stated Supply. Services every Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.

*Lutheran, (Christ's)*—Pastor Rev. C. A. Hay. D. D. Services by Professors of College and Seminary alternately every Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening. During vacations Sunday evening service omitted.

*Lutheran, (St. James')*—Rev. E. Breidenbaugh. Services every Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.

*Methodist Episcopal*—Rev. G. W. Bowers and A. J. Heiges. Services every Sabbath morning and evening, and Thursday evening.

*German Reformed*—Rev. W. R. H. Deatrich. Services every Sabbath morning and evening, & Wednesday evening.

*Catholic*—Rev. Joseph Holl. Services 1st, 3d and 5th Sabbath morning and afternoon.

*Union Presbyterian*—Without a pastor. No regular services.

[FOR THE STAR AND SENTINEL.

LETTER FROM EUROPE.

**Paris—Switzerland—Holland and its Canals—Manners and Customs of the People.**

DRESDEN (SAXONY), NOV. 16, 1867.

I know you are looking for a letter from me, as I promised to write, but I hardly know where to begin. I have seen so much, and have had so many experiences, that it is difficult to select. You perhaps know that I spent a month in Great Britain, and three weeks in Paris. Breaking away from the attractions of the gay capital, I sought relief from the exhausting excitement of city life, by scaling the mountain-peaks of Switzerland. But what a change! In Paris you are continually reminded of the beautiful in Art.—You see it in the statues that adorn the gardens and public places—in its paintings, its ornamental buildings, its magnificent streets and fountains. In Switzerland, you are among the works of Nature, grand and awe-inspiring beyond conception. We crossed glaciers, scaled mountains, and accomplished almost incredible feats; but I cannot stop to tell you of them—nor of our braving and fighting the *storm-king* on St. Bernard, and getting *worsted* and coming near paying a life-penalty for our temerity—of the warmth of our reception by the kind Monks, who welcomed, warmed and *wined* us—how they fed us and next day accompanied us down the mountain, preceded by their noble dogs, and then bid us God-speed on our further wanderings—of being caught in the snows of *Rigi*—of being lost and ascending the trackless mountain, along yawning precipices, and at last safe in Rigi-Staffle. I will, however, give you a few jottings of our trip through Holland, which was about as interesting a portion of our journey as any we have had.—We had been to Antwerp, feasting our eyes on the master-pieces of the great Painters and left there about noon for Rotterdam. At Meer-Dyke we were transferred bag and baggage, to a steamboat running through canals and down rivers to R. As soon as we left our moorings the active steward inquired of the passengers whether they would have *table d'Hote*. As I had eaten at Antwerp, I concluded to look on and observe the way in which Hollanders do up such things. Evidently the "*table d'Hotera*" were very hungry, as they manifested their impatience by frequent glances at the door whence the steward had disappeared. But the soup had to be made and the entire dinner prepared. At length the steward returned, and a fussy little man he was, flying around with extraordinary energy, wiping plates, and dusting generally. Soup followed, about as small spoonful for each, of what seemed to be rice water. After this a long interval was filled up with wine-drinking, until the fish was broiled and brought *piping hot* into the saloon, and dealt out. Two large Dutchmen (to Hollanders are called in contra distinction to Germans), who sat opposite me, when the plates were placed before them gave a loud *sniff*, elevated their nostrils and eye-brows, and pronounced the fish *rotten!* The steward was apparently amazed, and with flushed cheeks removed the plates, dropping, in his perturbation, a dozen knives and forks. After another long interval a third course was served. This disposed of, all were impatiently awaiting something more, when the steward rushed in, and with appalled look and excited manner announced that there had been an "accident"—that the steamer had collided with another, which stove in the kitchen, spattering the cook from head to foot with the meats and vegetables intended for the dinner. On reaching the deck, I found the cook disengaging himself from chops of mutton, cullotts of veal and gravies. The dinner, however, was not entirely abandoned, the lack of *edibles* being made up in *bibibles*. The Dutch, men and women, took the mishaps in admirable good humor.

Arriving at Rotterdam, we were beset by half a dozen pests in the shape of men and boys, who were so eager to do us a service in carrying our luggage, that they nearly tore us to pieces. As soon as we emerged from the depot, recruits came running from all quarters, who could not be persuaded that we did not need their services. They formed a cordon around us, impeding our progress.—We scolded and threatened, but all to no purpose. After following us into the city, and finding us as decided as they were persistent, one by one they fell off, and we found our hotel, I started out soon after our arrival to see Rotterdam by gaslight. Entering one of the streets that seemed in great commotion, I found myself in a singular place and among singular people. It seemed to be the gathering place of people who were bent on having a good time. Crowds were buying and selling at numerous booths and stalls. Beer houses were in full and successful operation, each having its own *band*, consisting either of a horn, a fiddle, a voice, &c., and each trying to outdo its neighbor in excess of sound. As they were close together, the jargon was amusing. A horn was sounding in this beer house, a trumpet in the next, the gentle tones of a fiddle in another, while above them all came the squeaking voice of a woman. The rattle of tumblers told of a thriving business. As I was sauntering along, enjoying the animated scene, a large boy came to my side and said, "Do you know the way, sir?" I laughed and replied affirmatively. It is astonishing what anxiety these people evince lest you lose yourself. Repeated

# The Star & Sentinel.

Wednesday, January 1, 1868.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 10,000 persons.

☞ Advertisements, to secure immediate attention, must be handed in on or before Tuesday morning.


It turns out that there is a clause in a supplement to the Act incorporating the Antietam Cemetery Association, requiring the rebel dead to be buried in the same enclosure with the heroes who fell in defence of the Union. Hitherto the managers have ignored this provision, the loyal states having voted considerable sums of money to the Cemetery to commemorate the heroism of the men who gave their lives to the country.—Since, however, Maryland has come under Rebel domination, this provision as to Rebel dead is to be enforced. We have no objection to the remains of Rebel soldiers, scattered over our various battlefields, being collected and receiving decent sepulture. But we do object to this transfer to cemeteries established to honor the memory of, and perpetuate the sacrifices by, the fallen heroes of the Republic. Let them, if needs be, be placed in separate enclosures, so that generations to come, in visiting these resting-places of the dead, may be impressed with the distinction between loyalty and treason—these fell in waging war against the Union—those fell in defending the Nation's life. There is no harshness in such a disposition, but simple justice to the Union dead. The nation, in view of the terrible sacrifices of the past and the responsibilities of the future, cannot afford to honor and dignify Treason.—Loyal Pennsylvania would never have contributed to the Antietam Cemetery, had this obnoxious provision been known, and we protest against another dollar being paid now that this provision is to be enforced by Rebel management.

Fortunately we have a trusty Executive in the person of Gov. GEARY—a tried soldier, who *knows*, from personal experience amid the carnage and death-harvest of many a battle-field, what it cost to put down the Rebellion, and who will never consent to honor Treason, even if it be in the persons of its slain votaries. We rely on him to save Pennsylvania the burning shame of further participation in a scheme which seeks to ignore the distinction between Loyalty and Treason, and which would make a mockery of the terrible sacrifices which loyal men and women made in saving the nation's life.

Some of the Copperhead papers, alarmed at BRICK POMEROY'S bold defence of the Rebellion, and atrocious attacks on our Union heroes dead and living, are pitching into him pretty lively, and denying that his paper is an exponent of "Democratic" policy. And yet BRICK POMEROY'S paper to-day is the most popular "Democratic" journal in the land, and accepted by the masses of that party as a faithful exponent of the Rebel sentiments which the Copperhead presses in days past have instilled into the breasts of their readers. The trouble is, that while the Copperhead leaders seek to ignore the past, and would now assume the *rôle* of Unionists, BRICK POMEROY, with less hypocrisy and more honesty, stands by the teachings of his party, and boldly avows his faith—even if it be treasonable. That's what's the matter. If BRICK Pomeroy's ribald and treasonable utterances be not acceptable "Democratic" teachings, how comes it that his paper has more subscribers and readers in Adams county than any other Copperhead journal—the *Compiler* alone excepted?

MASON has been heard from, we mean JAMES M., once of Virginia, and late Rebel envoy to Europe. He had been invited to reside in the British island of Jamaica; but he objected because the negroes there were free and there was no hope that Great Britain would permit their legal or practical re-enslavement.—He prefers to await, as he says the overthrow of the Republican party, when he hopes that some plan may be desired to compel the slaves, without being again enslaved, "to discharge the incumbent duties of a laboring class," a hope which the late elections, he says, have encouraged. He proposes, in other words, to establish a system of peonage, or an "apprenticeship system," under which he could live agreeably! This is what JOHNSON tried; but the Slave Codes, so quickly set up to *practically* enslave the negroes, have all been overthrown, never again to be ended. A copperhead triumph might endanger the liberty of the Slaves; but nothing less than a successful revolution can destroy it, now that it has been solemnly proclaimed, and definitely determined.

JEFF. DAVIS has gone South expecting to spend the winter in Mississippi.—He had a cordial greeting from the Rebels of Maryland, by whom he was feasted and flattered. The Baltimore *Gazette*—the Copperhead State organ—gives a touching account of his departure. Hundreds of the "Secesh" crowded the wharf, and gave him three hearty cheers as he neared the gangway of the boat. One of the young ladies, on seizing DAVIS'S outstretched hand, sprang to his arms and kissed him, to the jealousy of all the young Rebels; and soon the boat started and disappeared.

LINCOLN lies in his bloody grave; and DAVIS receives ovations from living traitors. Such is Copperhead policy.

EIGHTY of the Republican members of the Georgia Convention have declared for Chief Justice CHASE for President; but say they will "cheerfully support the nominee of the Republican party whomsoever he may be." This is the proper spirit, and shows that the Southern Republicans are more devoted to the party and its principles than to any man however great or deserving.

WHILE HANCOCK is restoring Rebel office-holders, and removing Union men whom MOWER had appointed, the Copperhead men are silent as to the arbitrary power of Military Commanders. HANCOCK is not a Satrap, in their eyes, *as he appoints their men!* Verily, it depends much on *whose* bull is gored, whether the *goring* is to be justified or denounced.

THE N. Y. *World* is not pleased with Gen. GRANT'S reticence, nor does it like his mode of speech in the STANTON letter. The *World* is hard to please.

THE New York *Herald* is out for HANCOCK, but apprehensive that GRANT will beat him. We shouldn't wonder if he did.

## STEVENS ON BROOKS.

When the House was considering the bill to apply the majority principle to the forthcoming elections in the Rebel States, it was resisted by the Democratic members; and Mr. JAMES BROOKS made an hour's speech on the whole question of Reconstruction, in which he violently denounced the action of Congress, ridiculed the efforts to put the government of the Rebel States in loyal hands, and particularly descanted upon the colored race, analyzing their pecularities, tracing their history, underating their capacity, and undertaking to prove, substantially, that they were not a portion of the human family. Mr. BROOKS has long suffered from *Negro-mania*, and this speech gave utterance to all his fears and hate. The speech wearied and disgusted the House. At its close, Mr. STEVENS took the floor, and in less than five minutes made a reply which electrified the House, and which, for felicity and completeness, could not have been surpassed. It demolished Mr. BROOKS, the happy manner of delivery adding to the bite of the sarcasm. It is as follows:

"Mr. STEVENS. Mr. Speaker, I have listened with very great pleasure (as I always do) to the golden-mouthed gentleman from New York (Mr. BROOKS) in his attempt to prove the Bible a lie. That Book says that God created of one blood all the nations of the earth. The gentleman from New York, however, contends that there were several different varieties, and that all nations were "not created of one blood." The question thus at issue between the gentleman from New York and the author of that sacred volume I shall not attempt to decide. It is too high for me.

But, sir, the gentleman has given us a history of the negro race from, I believe, the time of the Queen of Sheba. I am not quite sure whether he included her in that race or not. But going over the whole field from that time to this he has, I think, very well described the shape of the negro's foot, the crook of his ankle, the contour of his face. And then the gentleman went on to consider the intellect of the negro.

Now, does the gentleman by all this mean to say that the sons of Ethiopia—of whom the great poet of antiquity speaks as "the blameless sons of Ethiopia among whom the gods always retired when they wished to spend an innocent and quite hour"—have not immortal souls; that they are to be classed among "the beasts which perish," and that God, who is to judge them, will not damn them if they deserve it? [Laughter.] I am sorry, sir, if such has come to be the condition of that race in this country. I had thought that the members of that race had shown in our day some evidences of strength and power. To be sure, I looked upon them as barbarians for having with their own right hands, in defense of liberty, stricken down thousands of the friends of the gentleman who has been enlightening us to-day.—[Laughter.] This conduct on their part did, I confess, show a cruelty and a barbarism which it is perhaps hard to excuse. But the gentleman must recollect that all are not equally mild in their demeanor, and that even the white man might have done the same thing had he been in a similar condition.

As to intellect, there are various degrees of it. In that regard the gentleman from New York towers above the rest of us, though, I fear, he sometimes abuses his superiority by the declamation which he travels out of his road to inflict upon us with regad to the various nations of the earth. But that in intellectual gifts the gentleman stands above all of us no man who has heard him to day or heretofore can deny; and I do not, I assure you, sir, speak this ironically, [laughter;] for I do not know when I have heard anything more eloquent than the discourse which the learned gentleman has given us to-day. But I have one proposition to make. For the oratorical championship of America I am willing to match Fred. Douglas or Langston against the gentleman from New York. I will allow the latter gentleman to select two out of three of the judges. Let the topic be anything the gentleman pleases except the negro's shin, [laughter;] and if at the end of the discussion he does not "throw up the sponge," I will admit that the negro is an inferior animal—not only inferior to the gentleman from New York, but inferior to the rest of us.—[Laughter.] I call the previous question."

THE Savannah "Conservatives" (Southern for "Copperhead") resolve that they wish to "maintain intact the Constitution and the rights of the States."

Georgia will have rights, when restored to the Union, from which Georgia in 1861 seceded and upon which it immediately and for years made bloody war—in violation of that Constitution which they now profess to desire to see maintained. Until restored, GEORGIA'S people have only the rights which the conqueror chooses to give. This is hard, probably, but it is just. And Rebels need to be taught, deeply, the very lesson they are now learning. May it do them good; and fit them for the high duties of American citizenship!

THE Copperhead Legislature of Kentucky voted, last winter, that their per diem should be paid *in gold*, and instructed the State Treasurer to buy the necessary amount of gold, which he did. The Auditor refused to credit the Treasurer with the $40,177.40 paid for this gold; but the Legislature this winter passed a joint resolution directing that the credit be given. Manifestly, they intend to do the same thing this year. This is "Democratic"; for who does not remember that in the good old Democratic days of the sub-treasury, we had gold for the office-holders and "rags for the people?

WHILE JEFF DAVIS has gone South to see after his estates in Mississippi, and plot further injury to the country, ALEX. H. STEPHENS, whose place was second in the great inquity of the Southern Confederacy, is announced as coming North to enlighten public opinion. If he insists that Georgia has abandoned the *principle* of secession, we hope he will explain why Georgia merely *repealed* the ordinance of secession, and did not declare it null and void. We would also like to know what his Georgia friends meant when they put into their Constitution an express reservation of the right to claim compensation for their slaves.

HANCOCK is a good subordinate. His course at New Orleans shows that he is not qualified for supreme command. He is a capable man within a certain range; but his faculties have a precise and narrow limit, which he has reached. This was the judgment of him in the army, and he was never more than a Corps Commander, nor was he at any time entrusted with an independent command. Besides, to make matters worse, he has been much "demoralised" since. He is about fit to be a "Copperhead."

THE Southern "Secesh" are playing the game of injured innocence. From reading their accounts of themselves, one would suppose them to be angels in disguise.

## REMOVALS OF GENS. POPE AND ORD.

The President seems determined to obstruct the work of Re-construction as far in his power. On Saturday last he issued orders removing Gens. POPE and ORD from the command of the Third and Fourth Military Districts respectively.—The order designates General MEADE as the successor of General POPE, and General A. C. GILLEM as the temporary successor of General ORD, to be relieved by General MCDOWELL on the arrival of the latter from San Francisco, whither Gen. ORD is directed to proceed and assume MCDOWELL'S present command, the Department of California. General WAGER SWAYNE is also removed from duty in the Freedmen's Bureau, and ordered to take command of his regiment in the regular army, at Nashville, Tennessee.

The removal of Gen. POPE was foreshadowed by telegrams from Washington for some days; but the removal of Gen. ORD, whose administration has been eminently conservative, takes the country by surprise, and shows the determined purpose of the President to leave no officer in command who manifests a purpose honestly to carry out the laws of Congress. What he expects from Gens. MEADE and MCDOWELL is hard to tell, as both these officers are understood to favor the Congressional policy. The only plan left for Congress to prevent these Presidential interferences with the work of Re-construction, is to pass an amendatory act giving to Gen. GRANT direct and controlling supervision over the Department Commanders.

AN old letter of JEFF. DAVIS has been brought to light. It was written to Edwin De Leon, formerly U. S. Consul-general in Egypt, and is dated January 8, 1861, and is as follows:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8, 1861.

MY DEAR SIR:—We are advancing rapidly to the end of "the Union." The cotton States may now be regarded as having decided for secession. South Carolina is in a *quasi* war, and the probabilities are that events will hasten her and her associates into a general conflict with the forces of the Federal Government. The Virginia Legislature met yesterday, and took promptly and boldly the Southern ground. Mississippi is now in convention. I may leave here in a few days; though it is also possible the State may choose to continue its Senators here for the purpose of defense against hostile legislation.

The confidence heretofore felt in Mr. Buchanan has diminished steadily, and is now nearly extinct. His weakness has done as much harm as wickedness would have achieved. Though I can no longer respect or confer with him, and I feel injured by his conduct, yet I pity and would extenuate the offences not prompted by bad design or malignant intent.

* * * * * * * *

JEFF'N DAVIS.

DAVIS is right in supposing that BUCHANAN had no "bad design" or "malignant intent" against the South. All he was after, was to prevent Secession and War till after March 4, 1861, when he was to leave the Presidency. He did nothing more than was necessary to effect this.—His anxiety for himself was greater than his anxiety for the Union.

GENERAL GILLEM, of the Freedmen's Bureau, Mississippi, reports that in that State, "in consequence of the dry weather and worms the Cotton crop of 1867 has not exceeded half of what was regarded as an average crop, and that has not commanded but one-half of the price of the previous year, thus reducing the proceeds to one-fourth of what was anticipated by the planter and freedman as the proceeds of the year's labor. The result is the financial ruin of the planter and capitalist, and discontent of the laborer."

As a consequence, there is great suffering among the poor, and the aid of Government is invoked. With this scarcity, naturally comes depredations on live stock, hogs, sheep, and cattle; and complaints, which keep the people in a ferment. Next year, corn will be raised very extensively, which requires about one-fifth as much labor as cotton, and many laborers will be thrown out of employment.

Evidently, the policy which proposes that these States shall re-organize, and assume control of their own affairs, is sound for all interests, and economical for the Government; but, for party purposes, the Copperheads are doing all they can to prevent it. Aided by the whole power of the President, they are working with considerable effect.

THE removal of Gen. POPE from the command of the Military District comprising Georgia, Alabama, and Florida, is another indication of the PRESIDENT'S relentless purpose to defeat the restoration of the Rebel States. In Alabama, the Constitution has been formed, and is pending at an election soon to be held; the Convention of Georgia is in session; that of Florida has been chosen and will soon meet. It is necessary to the Copperhead programme that there three States be prevented from re-organizing under the Congressional plan; for, if once admitted, how are they to be got rid of? Military interference is to be invoked to prevent the adoption of the new Constitutions, no matter what their merits; and POPE'S removal, and SWAYNE'S, is rendered indispensable. Loyal men are to be put down; Rebels are to be put up; and the whole South handed over to lawlessness, crime, and disorder. Should this come, the Republicans will be guiltless, for they have earnestly striven to restore the civil law, at the earliest possible moment. The Copperheads are the Obstructionists and Disunionists.

THE Committee of Congress have ascertained the delay in paying bounties to soldiers to result from two causes: 1st, a deficiency in the clerical force in the Second Auditor's office; and 2d, the refusal of the Assistant Treasurer in New York to pay duplicate checks, when the originals are lost. The Committee recommend the passage of a bill to cure both these difficulties.

THE President has determined upon the removal of Gen. Pope fron command, but is troubled about the choice of a successor.—Gen. Mede it is understood has no desire for the post, and moreover is not of sufficiently pronounced "conservative" inclinations to suit the president. Gen. Thomas is known to approve the course of Geh. Pope, and therfore is out of the question. In this strait it is said that Gen. Rosseau, whome the President keeps on hand for any emergency, is to be recalled from the Pacific and sent South.

A PAPER WEDDING.—A correspondent of the Boston *Traveller*, writes from Dana Hill, Cambridge, Mass: "Major Edward G. Dyke and wife, of Dana Hill, last evening, with a few of their friends and a fine entertainment, celebrated their paper wedding.—The parlor was tastefully decorated with wreathes of evergreen and the bride arrayed in a splendid dress of pink gauze paper, which rustled with a loudet music than the richest silks. Books, book-marks, envelopes, wreathes, &c., were among the gifts to the bride.

## GENERAL NEWS.

OUR State Legislature will meet at Harrisburg on the first Tuesday, (the 7th) of January.

CHIEF Justice Stough, of New Mexico, has been shot and killed by a member of the Legislature of that Territory.

The Internal Revenue reports show a gradual daily increase, and the lowest estimates for the fiscal year do not fall short of $200,000,000. Thus far the receipts amount to over $90,000,000.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue offers a reward of $3000 to any person who will hereafter give information that will lead to the forfeiture of any distillery whose proprietor has not given the notice required by law to the Assessor of his district.

ISHAM G. GARLAND, a conservative gentleman of Jackson County, Mississippi, took the liberty of tearing down the United States flag which was displayed over a registration office, chivalrously suggesting at the time that it was "a damned nigger flag," and heroically trampling upon it. For this little luxury a Military Court found him guilty, and that wretched despot, Gen. Ord, sent him for six weeks to prison at Little Rock. The Conservative journals will no doubt herald this affair as "another radical outrage upon the helpless people."

IMPORTANT TO EXECUTORS, ADMINISTRATORS, TRUSTEES, &c.—In a circular addressed to the United States assessors, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue says: "Pains should be taken to acquaint executors, administrators, trustees, &c., of their personal liability for legal taxes, and that it is not only their legal duty, but *for their own private interest and protection*, to pay legacy taxes and the succession taxes, under section 138, upon each sum before it is paid over to the legatee, distributee or successor. All persons should be informed that a succession tax is a first charge on the interest of the successor, *and of all persons claiming in his right* in all the real estate in respect whereof such duty is assessed, and that such estate is liable to seizure and sale, even in the hands of a *bona fide* purchaser."

THE KILLING OF HON. C. S. HAMILTON BY HIS INSANE SON.—COLUMBUS, December 23.—Cornelius S. Hamilton, the Republican member of Congress from the Eighth District of Ohio, was killed by his insane son at Marysville yesterday morning. It appears that the son who committed the dreadful act had been deranged some weeks. The father left Washington to see him, and had made arrangements to bring him to the Columbus Lunatic Asylum to-day. While feeding the stock yesterday (Sunday) morning on his farm near Marysville, the boy stepped up behind him, and, with a piece of heavy board, struck him on the back of the head, killing him instantly.—He then covered up the dead body with fodder, and started to kill his mother. Seizing an axe, he made towards her, when a younger brother, seeing the axe in the maniac's hands, shouted to his mother to run or Thomas would kill her. She did so, and escaped. The maniac then started for the brother who gave the alarm, and struck him a dangerous blow on the shoulder. A neighbor, alarmed at the outcry, ran to the rescue of the boy, caught the axe, and succeeded, with the assistance of others who had by this time reached the scene, in preventing further mischief. The insane son is now in prison seemingly unconcerned.

## NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

FRANKLIN.—The property of Col. A. K. McClure, near Chambersburg, is to be sold on the 17th. Col. McClure is in Montana territory. He will come east next summer, but temporarily, it being his intention to make Montana his future residence.—Benjamin Slichter, was seriously injured on the 19th ult., while cutting timber near Scotland, a tree falling on him, breaking one of his legs and injuring his spine; several other woodchoppers who were present, extricated him and took him home; the injuries will probably prove fatal.—Mrs. Charles Clark, residing near Greenvillage, slipped and fell on the 19th ult., breaking an arm.

LANCASTER.—On the 23d ult., a son of Wm. D. Groff, of Mountjoy, aged 3 or 4 years, fell into a tub of boiling water in the kitchen, where the mother was washing, and was so severely scalded as to die next day. The mother had just given the child a piece of pie and as he turned to leave fell into the tub.—Last week the minor children of Col. Butler, who, with his wife, was killed in an accident near Dillersville a couple of years ago recovered the sum of $7,000 damages from the Pennsylvania Railroad.

WASHINGTON.—George S. Miller has been appointed Revenue Inspector for the 4th Congressional district.

YORK.—The Hanover *Spectator* says a vein of Coal has been struck on the land of a gentleman named Miller, situate on a range of the Hills, near Abbottstown pike, about 3 miles from town.—Charles Kühn, of Hanover slaughtered a hog last week, which weighed 496 lbs. clean meat.—The corn-crib of Daniel H. Barnitz, near Hanover, was broken open one night last week, and about 15 bushels of corn stolen.—Abraham Fairer has been appointed Steward of the County Hospital, a new office erected by the authorities.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

London despatches announce that the Fenians are again at work, the latest and perhaps most fiendish of their devices being the sending of letters charged with explosive materials to Government officials. Several of these packages have been detected at the Dublin postoffice, but one that reached an unfortunate policeman exploded in his hands, mangling him horribly. Doubtless Ireland has wrongs which England ought to redress, but these operations of the Fenians, if persisted in, will cover their cause with the execrations of all civilized people. The London *Times* thinks that the organization threatens grave public dangers, and applauds the precautionary measures taken by the London authorities, who have sworn in thirty thousand special policemen.

The Italian Ministerial crisis is still unsettled. General Menabrea, it is said, has declared his intention to dissolve Parliament on the 15th proximo and make an appeal to the country, should another vote unfavorable to the Ministers be taken before that time. The Paris *Moniteur* gives official notice that the coupons of the Italian bonds will be paid. A later despatch says the Pope has enjoined the Rothschilds against the payment of these coupons. The Sultan of Turkey has offered the Cretans an autonomous government, with Prince Christian at its head.

On Saturday last an attempt was made to burn the Dublin postoffice with Greek fire, but no great damage was done. The Martello tower at Cork, was attacked by men with blackened faces, the guard overpowered and the arms and ammunition carried off. The Fenian who fired the fuse at the Clerkenwell explosion is believed to be in custody. The political agitation in Italy is unabated, and the excitement in some of the cities has reached a height that threatens serious demonstrations against the Government.

A LETTER from Rio, states that the English mail steamer Santurn had been lost in a terrible gale off Montevideo, and of all on board, including in crew and passengers four hundred persons, only fourteen persons were saved. The English minister, (supposed to be the successor of Lord Lyons) going home on leave of absence, was among the lost.


## Special Notices.

SONG OF IRON.

I am mighty in the sabre,
Fiercely wielded by the brave,
Glorious in the stalwart steamer,
Laughing at the storm and wave.

Bounteous in the palace pillars,
Saving in the pointed rod,
An it brings the deadly lightning
Quelled and harmless to the sod.

But there is a glorious essence,
Where I take my grandest power,
Giving to the race my truest,
Sweetest aid, in danger's hour.

See! before me fly diseases!
See the darkest hydras bow!
See the rose of health and beauty
Take the palest cheek and brow!

Fly, dyspepsia! fly, consumption!
Yes, all ills are crushed at length,
For I give what human nature
Only ever needed—STRENGTH!

Shall I tell in what great essence
I can thus your spirits cheer up?
Pallid, trembling, dirty sufferer,
'Tis the famed "PERUVIAN SYRUP."

The PERUVIAN SYRUP is a protected solution of the Protoxide of Iron, a new discovery in medicine that strikes at the root of disease by supplying the blood with its *vital principle or life element—iron.*
The genuine has "Peruvian Syrup" blown in the glass. Pamphlets free. J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor.
Sold by all Druggists. No. 36 Dey St., New York.
Jan. 1.—1m

ADDRESS TO THE NERVOUS and debilitated whose sufferings have been protracted from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence endurable. If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Are you weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or flocky, or is it ropy on settling?—Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody?—Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights?—Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver-complaint?
Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business-men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.
How many men from badly-cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiocy, insanity, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.
Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic.—HELMBOLD'S *FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU* is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing.
If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.
Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upward of 18 years, prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th street, Philadelphia, Pa.
PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
April 30, 1867.—ly

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.
THE MOST SUCCESSFUL MEDICINES IN THE WORLD.
Established in 1835 by one of our Most Eminent Physicians, and now used throughout North and South America, with more pleasing results than any other Medicine in cases of diseased Liver, Blood or Skin, Indigestion, Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, and Fever and Ague.
Thousands of certificates are in our possession, giving detailed accounts of perfect *cures* effected by these invaluable Medicines. They regulate the system and put all the functions of the body in a healthy condition.
Sold by all Druggists. White & Howland, Proprietors successors to Dr. John Moffat and Dr. W. B. Moffat, New York.
April 4, 1867.—1yeow

TO CONSUMPTIVES.
The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.—Please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No 165 South Second st., Williamsburg, New York.
June 5, 1867.—1y

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. [Feb. 28, 1867.]y

SPEER'S WINES are pure juice Grape Wines and excel in purity and richness most of our native vintages. They are used in Churches for communion purposes and in hospitals for invalids and convalescents on account of their purity and reliability. [Sept. 18.—1y

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No. 806 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination. [Nov. 20, 1867.—1y

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash.
Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

COLGATE & CO'S ERASIVE SOAP. COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN *ERASIVE SOAP.* Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers.
[May 15, 1867.—1y

INFORMATION.
Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
June 5, 1867.—1y 823 Broadway, New York.

## Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Ours to consist in part of

Carpenter's Tools, Blacksmith's Tools,
Coach Findings, Shoe Findings,
Cabinet Maker's Tools,
Housekeeper's Fixtures.
All kinds of Iron & Steel.

*GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,*

Oils, Paints, &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above, but what can be had at this store. Every class of Mechanic can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeeper's can find every article in this line. Give us a call as we are prepared to sell as low or cash as any other house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.
May 29 1867.

ROBERT D. ARMOR,
GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,
*East Middle street, half a square from the Court-house,*
GETTYSBURG, PA.,

WILL promptly attend to all orders in his line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make it living.

GAS PIPE

furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights &c.; also WATER PIPE, Stops, Tap an1 Front Spigots, and in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.
Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [Dec. 28, 1867.—tf

Close following upon the terrible massacre on the Lake Shore Shore Railroad, comes a frightful sacrifice of passengers at sea. The steamship Raleigh, a coastwise steamer, was burned on Tuesday, on her trip from New York to New Orleans, while off Charleston.—Eighteen persons were picked up and landed at Charleston by a tug; thirteen lives were believed to be lost, but twenty-four of the passengers and crew were still missing, who were last seen in the boat, or clinging to pieces of wreck. Later despatches announce the arrival at Charleston of thirteen more persons.

## Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

FAHNESTOCK BROS.
have just received their
NEW FALL STOCK,
the largest in the county—consisting of
DRY GOODS,
MERINOES,
POPLINS,
MUSLINS,
ALPACAS,
GINGHAMS,
FLANNELS,
DELAINES,
CALICOES,
&c., &c., &c.,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, JEANS,
in every variety.
CARPETS, a large stock and very cheap.
SHAWLS, all kinds and prices.
BLANKETS, very cheap.
QUEENSWARE, the largest stock in the county and very cheap.
HARDWARE and SADDLERY, in all its branches, at the lowest market rates.
GROCERIES, of all kinds.
IRON AND NAILS,
OILS AND PAINTS.
Will sell GOODS at prices DEFYING COMPETITION. Give us a call and examine our stock.
SIGN OF THE RED FRONT.
Oct. 2, 1867.—tf

J. L. SCHICK
HAS JUST RECEIVED
A SPLENDID STOCK OF
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
MERINOES,
POPLAINS,
WOOL DELAINES,
ALPACAS,
COBURGS,
and PLAIN and FANCY GOOODS of all kinds, which he is selling CHEAPER THAN EVER. Call at
S. W. Corner of Public Square,
Gettysburg, Pa.
Sept. 25, 1867.—tf

THE HOLIDAYS.
LOOK OUT FOR OLD CHRIS!
E. H. MINNIGH,
*Chambersburg street, next door to the Keystone Hotel, Gettysburg.*
The only authorised agent in this place of His Excellency, CHRIS KRINGLE, Esq., announces to the people of Gettysburg and surrounding country, that he is now receiving at his store, the Baggage and Equipments of the "Old Gentleman," which are to be distributed in rich profusion, and at such prices as will astonish even those who think a cent as big as a cart-wheel.
TOYS of every description, to make cheerful the hearts and jubilant the spirits of the juvenile population, and a supply of FRENCH and COMMON CANDIES, to sweeten and seal and make perpetually cohesive the affections of those whose hearts are throbbing in anticipation of changing their condition in life, and a superabundance of RICH CAKES to make complete the Wedding and Holiday Feasts.
Also, ORANGES, LEMONS, NUTS, and a thousand and one other good things.
His stock is very large, bought at the very lowest prices, and to be sold at the smallest profits. Call in, old and young, male and female, and you will be sure to find something to please you. [Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
DRY GOODS
FOR
FALL & WINTER WEAR
AT THE STORE OF
*A. SCOTT & SON,*
THEIR STOCK CONSISTS OF
MERINOS, all styles.
DELAINES, all styles.
CALICOES, all styes.
MUSLINS, all grades.
Cloths and Cassimeres of all styles and quality. Persons wanting good Goods and fair bargains should go to
A. SCOTT & SON,
Chambersburg street, 2d Square,
Oct. 9, 1867. Gettysburg, Pa.

ORNAMENTAL TOYS.
JOHN M. WARNER
HAS just received from Philadelphia the largest best and cheapest assortment of
ALBUMS
ORNAMENTAL TOYS,
TOILET SETS,
FANCY CARD DE VISITES,
FRUITS, CONFECTIONS,
*AND NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS,*
ever opened in Gettysburg. Call at his store on Baltimore st opposite Fahnestocks' Store. [Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

HO! FOR CHRISTMAS!
*DIAMOND CONFECTIONERY.*
JOHN M. MINNIGH
HAS just received and is now opening one of the finest assortment of CHRISTMAS and HOLIDAY GOODS, ever opened in Gettysburg, consisting of
TOYS OF ALL KINDS,
*FRENCH AND COMMON CANDIES,*
FRUITS,
ORANGES,
LEMONS,
NUTS, and
NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS.
☞ Call and examine his stock on Baltimore street, opposite the Star and Sentinel office. [Dec. 11, 1867.—tf

## Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

DO YOU WANT
CHEAP AND GOOD
Fall and Winter Goods?
*"YES!" EVERYBODY ANSWERS.*
THEN GO TO THE NEW STORE OF
REBERT & ELLIOTT,
*Opposite the Court-House, Gettysburg.*
DO YOU WANT cheap and good Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, Cords, Yestings, Gloves, Suspenders, Neck-ties, or anything else in the gentlemen's wear line?
Go to REBERT & ELLIOTT'S.
DO YOU WANT cheap and good Silks, Alpacas, Delaines, Ginghams, Calicoes and Muslins, at the root of disease by supplying the blood with its *vital principle or life element—iron.*
The genuine has "Peruvian Syrup" blown in the glass. Pamphlets free. J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor.
Sold by all Druggists. No. 36 Dey St., New York.
Jan. 1.—1m

ADDRESS TO THE NERVOUS and debilitated whose sufferings have been protracted from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence endurable. If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Are you weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or flocky, or is it ropy on settling?—Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody?—Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights?—Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver-complaint?
Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business-men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.
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# The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Wednesday, Jan. 1, 1868.


## LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

TO BE READ AND REMEMBERED.—Since the consolidation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL," we have as much as possible refrained from annoying our friends with "duns," and regret that our straitened finances require us to do so now. The truth is, that with the increased expenses incident to the enlargement of the paper, furnishing our new office—the cost of paper, type, ink—the employment of hands, &c.—all of which require cash payments, we are out of pocket at this date, with sundry heavy bills for paper requiring immediate payment. We are, therefore, compelled to call on our friends to help us out, and THAT AT ONCE. As all kinds of business are rapidly passing under the *cash system*, newspaper men, if they wish to live, will have to follow suit. Notwithstanding the enhanced price of paper and printing materials, which have compelled many of our editorial brethren to run up their subscription to $2.50 and $3, we continue to furnish the "STAR AND SENTINEL" at the old price—$2 per annum, cash in advance.—With our enlarged circulation we can afford to do so, if our subscribers will but promptly toe the mark.

While $2 may seem but a trifle to each subscriber, when multiplied by 2,000, it becomes a considerable figure. Creeks and Rivers are made up of tiny rain-drops, insignificant in themselves. If each rain-drop were to withhold its contribution, and refuse to leave its home in the rain cloud by reason of its insignificance, ere long the streams would cease to flow, and the mills to grind. Just so with subscriptions to newspapers—each in itself a trifle, but in the aggregate making a sum total that would make glad the Printer's heart—take away his troubled dreams—and diffuse bright and cheering sunshine all through the office. Many of our friends have been thoughtful enough to send in their $2, and they have our thanks. There are, however, a still larger number who have neglected to do so, doubtless because each thought his $2, like the rain-drop but a trifle. Now, friends, suppose you signalize the New Year by starting in the right direction. Before you lay aside this number of the paper, take out $2—put it in a letter, directed to the "STAR AND SENTINEL," and our word for it you will feel all the better for "remembering the Printer." Try it, friends—and DON'T DELAY A SINGLE DAY. The truth is, WE WANT MONEY, and MUST HAVE IT!

By the printed labels on the paper, each subscriber will at once see the date to which his subscription has been paid. Distant subscribers can remit by mail at our risk, procuring Post Office Money Orders when practicable.

THE NEW YEAR.—With to-day's issue we enter upon the new year, and send the greetings of the season to our numerous subscribers—many of whom have been added to our list during the last six months.—There are still a number of Republicans in the county, who do not take a newspaper, but ought to signalize the beginning of another year by subscribing for the "STAR AND SENTINEL." There is nothing pays better in the family than the few dollars expended for a good newspaper. It will be read by old and young, when books will not be looked at, and thus becomes a valuable educator. In addition to this, we are entering a year pregnant with important movements, which must largely determine the future of the country—the contest between the President and Congress—between the Executive and the Law-making departments of the Government—the development of the great problem of Re-construction, involving in its determination the securing on the one hand, or the ignoring on the other, of the great Republican principle of the equality of all men before the law—the selection of a President and Vice President, to whom the administration of the Government is to be confided for the next four years—all of which must make the year 1868 one of the most important in the history of the Republic. No man who respects himself or family, can afford to be without a paper the coming year. To all such we say—make a trial of the "STAR AND SENTINEL," at least for a few months, and if after such trial you think it will pay to save $2 a year and do without a family journal, well and good.—To our present subscribers, and especially to those who have heretofore manifested their approval of our efforts to present a readable and instructive paper, we renew our thanks, and request a continuance of their kind offices. Every additional subscriber thus procured, helps to that extent the circulation of sound Republican principles, and makes victory at the polls so much the easier.

PREMIUMS FOR NEW SUBSCRIBERS.—Our friends will bear in mind that any one of our *present* subscribers sending in the names of *four* new subscribers, with the cash in advance ($2 per annum), will receive a credit of one year's subscription on their own account—in other words, for each new subscriber sent in, accompanied by the cash, a PREMIUM OF FIFTY CENTS is allowed as a credit on *present* subscriptions. Some of our subscribers have thus paid their own paper for two and three years in advance. The same opportunity is offered to *all*. Who will signalize the new year by doing likewise?

☞We again anticipate our usual publication day, to enable the hands to observe New Year's day.

INSURED.—We learn that Mr. MARSHALL, whose barn in Franklin township was burned a few weeks ago, was insured in the Mummasburg Company.

AGRICULTURAL.—For Agricultural column see fourth page. We have been favored with another interesting article on Dairy Stock by our friend, D. P. F., which will appear next week.

KILLED.—RICHARD NORRIS, engineer on the Petersburg Railroad, in Virginia, was recently killed by the explosion of a locomotive. He was a son-in-law of JOHN SANDERS, formerly of this place, now of Harrisburg.

LETTER FROM EUROPE.—We give to-day on our first page another letter from Europe (Saxony), which will be read with interest by the many personal friends of T. D. C. Next week we expect to furnish another leiter from Rev. H. L. BAUGHER, jr. written from Rome.

REDUCED.—The Gettysburg Gas Company has declared a dividend of 5 per cent. for the last six months. The Directors have determined to reduce the price of Gas from $5 to $4.50 per 1,000 feet. We hope to see it reduced ere long to the old price, $4.

CHRISTMAS.—Christmas day was duly observed in Gettysburg, all business being suspended, while old and young seemed to enter heartily into the enjoyments of the festival. The toyshops had been thronged for days previous and evidently did a thriving business. The weather moderated considerably during the night before Christmas, and the day opened cheerily, with a bright sun, and comparatively balmy atmosphere. The consequence was that the streets, during the morning, presented a lively appearance, ladies and gentlemen exchanging calls, while the little folks could be seen hurrying hither and thither, with bright faces, to receive and exhibit the numberless "Christmas Gifts" by which their little hearts had been made glad.

The Brass Band appeared on the streets during the morning, discoursing fine music and attracting much attention. The "Printers," as constituting the most important personages in the town, were honored with special serenades, for which, on behalf of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" corps, they have our thanks. By the way, don't forget the Grand Ball to be given by the Band on New-Year's Night, at Agricultural Hall, the proceeds to be devoted to the purchase of new instruments.

In the afternoon a number of young men and boys enjoyed themselves in the diamond, by wheeling barrows, blind-folded, the objective point being the flag pole. Much merriment was occasioned by the contesting parties "bringing up" at almost every conceivable point but the right one.

Towards evening rain set in, driving most of persons in doors, to finish up the Christmas festivities amid the home circle. On the whole, the day passed off pleasantly, no case of drunkeness, or other impropriety, to mar the general good feeling, occuring under our observation.

DEAD LETTERS.—An absurd paragraph has been going the rounds of the papers, to the effect that the Postmaster General has instructed Postmasters to treat all letters directed with a lead pencil the same as dead letters, to be forwarded at once to the Dead Letter office, at Washington. No such instructions have been issued. While it is desirable that all letters be distinctly and legibly directed, with ink if possible, *all* letters legibly directed, (whether with pen or pencil,) and properly stamped, are sent to their destination. By the way, the importance of carefully endorsing and stamping letters is well illustrated in the following paragraph, based on facts submitted by the Postmaster General in his late official Report to Congress:

MISDIRECTED LETTERS.—According to the Postmaster General's report, not less than a million letters were mailed last year without signatures, and misdirected, or so badly directed, that the address was totally unintelligible—these were destroyed. More than a million and a-half others—1,611,686—were restored to their writers by the care of the dead-letter office. Thus it seems that at least two and a-half millions of mistakes were made in an operation which one would think likely to enlist the sufficient care of the writer, the addressing of a letter. These letters contained nearly $150,000 in money; bills of exchange, deeds, checks, &c., to the value of over $5,000,000, and over 49,000 contained photographs, jewelry, &c.

AN IMPOSTOR.—An impostor has been largely advertising in the eastern papers, over the signature of "S. Johnston, Box 227, Urbana, Ohio," offering to send by mail a book, with engraving of Military Heroes, &c., on receipt of 50 cents and two stamps.—A note from the Postmaster at Urbana, to a gentleman in this place, who had forwarded the requisite money and stamps, says that "Sam. Martin, *alias* S. Johnston, is a swindler," that he left Urbana a few weeks ago to escape arrest—detectives being on his track. He will doubtless turn up somewhere, and the public would do well to keep on their guard. In Ohio, he has been operating as an assumed agent for Greeley's History of the War, collecting half the money in advance.

CAN'T AFFORD IT.—We notice that a number of our exchanges suspend their publications for a week during the Christmas holidays, to enable all hands to have a good time generally. We don't understand it. Either our brethern who indulge in such luxuries, have a very indulgent set of subscribers, or their papers are not duly appreciated. *We* can't afford such luxuries.—The "STAR AND SENTINEL," in its weekly visitations, has become not only a convenience, but a necessity, and to suspend its publication for an entire week would produce quite as much commotion as blotting out the sun for the time being. So we have to suffer the penalty of turning out a readable paper and having subscribers who can appreciate and value a good thing.

THE ASYLUM PROJECT.—We notice by the Philadelphia papers that Attorney General BREWSTER persists in his determination to arrest the "Gettysburg Asylum" scheme by legal process, on the grounds of its alleged illegality. His application to the Supreme Court for the issue of a writ of *quo warranto* to restrain the managers from further proceedings under the Act, made last summer, is to be argued at the January session of the Supreme Court in Philadelphia.

PROPERTY SALES.—Hon. D. Ziegler has sold to Samuel Wolf a lot of five acres on the Railroad, at $125 per acre.

Samuel Wolf has sold to Edward Menchy a lot of 3¼ acres, in Cumberland township, near the borough line, at $125 per acre.

Mr. Menchy has also purchased 4½ acres of woodland in Highland township, from Benjamin Johnson, at $50 per acre.

MASONIC.—The Masonic Fraternity of this place celebrated "St. John's Night" last Friday evening, by a social re-union in the Lodge room. P. W. M., R. G. HARPER and other brethren responded to calls, giving some interesting reminiscences of the Order, after which the Lodge partook of a handsome entertainment, which had been prepared in Agricultural Hall—over 60 persons being present.

The following gentlemen have been elected officers of "Good Samaritan Lodge" for the ensuing year: W. M., Dr. J. W. C. O'NEAL; S. W., Capt. J. F. M'CREARY; J. W., D. A. BUEHLER; Treasurer, John Rupp; Secretary, Maj. H. S. Benner.

CORRECTION.—Our "Carrier" and "Devil" advise us that we made a serious mistake last week in suggesting to the patrons of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" to get their "*dimes* and *quarters*" in readiness for the New Year's call of these interesting and important personages, and insist that the phrase should have been—"QUARTERS and HALVES." We stand corrected, and our readers will govern themselves accordingly.

FIRE.—The extensive establishment of Mr. F. RAHTER, manufacturer of the "Zingari Bitters," in Harrisburg, was entirely destroyed by fire on Thursday night last. Loss about $25,000, of which $17,000 are covered by insurance. Mr. RAHTER formerly resided in Littlestown.

WRITING.—JUSTUS HABICH, at the Washington House, proposes to open a Writing School in this place, and has exhibited to us handsome specimens of his penmanship, with creditable testimonials. See advertisement.

☞Our thanks are due to Senator MCCONAUGHY, Hon. WM. H. KOONTZ, and Hon. SIMON CAMERON for public documents.

☞Preparations are being made to put up the new Town Clock.


## GETTYSBURG BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

*(See Advertisements).*

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

R. G. McCREARY, York street, in residence.
McConaughy & Krauth, Chambersburg st., in residence.
D. Wills, on Public Square, in residence.
A. J. Covar, Baltimore street, near Fahnestock's Store.
D. A. Buehler, Baltimore street, in residence

BAKERY.

J. W. Tipton, N. E. cor. Public Square.

BAKERY.

Newport & Ziegler, Washington st. near Chambersburg

BOOT & SHOEMAKERS.

D. H. Klingel, Balt., between Middle and High

CABINET MAKERS.

Garlach & Trimmer, South Baltimore street.

CONFECTIONS, TOYS, &C.

J. M. Warner, Baltimore street, first square.
S. M. Gilbert, Baltimore street, second square.
H. Minnigh, Chambersburg street.
J. M. Minnigh, Baltimore street, first square.

CARPENTERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son, York street, first square.
Wm. Chrittman, West street, near Chambersburg.
Cashman & Rowe, Baltimore street, third square.

CARRIAGES, &C.

Danner & Ziegler, Middle street, near Baltimore.
Tate & Culp, Washington st., near Chambersburg.

CLOTHING.

George Arnold, corner of Diamond and Chambersburg st.
W. T. King, York st., opposite Bank.
F. B. Pickin, Baltimore street, first square.
T. C. Norris, Chambersburg street, first square.
Jacobs & Brother, Chambersburg street, first square.
Jacob Brinkerhoff, corner of York and Public Square.

COAL, LUMBER, LIME, &C.

C. H. Buehler, corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets.
Jacob Sheads, on Railroad, West of Stratton.
Jacob Reilly, corner of Stratton and Railroad.

DENTIST.

J. L. Hill, Chambersburg street, opposite Eagle Hotel,

DRUGGISTS.

A. D. Buehler, Chambersburg st., near Public Square.
J. S. Forney, Baltimore street, first square.
R. Horner, Chambersburg st., opposite Christ's Church.

DRY GOODS.

Fahnestock Brothers, cor. of Baltimore and Middle strs.
J. L. Schick, cor. Baltimore and Public Squares.
Duphorn & Hoffman, cor. Carlisle and Public Square.
Rebert & Elliot, Balt. st. opposite the Court-house.
A. Scott & Sons, cor. Chambersburg and Washington sts.
Geo. Arnold, cor. Diamond and Chambersburg st.

FORGE AND FOUNDRY.

David Starner, West street.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSES.

Culp & Earnshaw, cor. Washington and Railroad.
W. F. Biddle & Co., cor. Stratton and Railroad.
McCurdy & Hamilton, Carlisle Street.

GROCERIES, &C.

J. Cress & Son, cor. Chambersburg and Public Square.
Wm. Boyer & Son, York st., opposite National Bank.
Meals & Bros., Middle street, east of Washington.
Henry Overdeer, Baltimore st., third square.
Wm. J. Martin, cor. of Baltimore and High streets.
Hendricks & Warren, York st.
S. M. Gilbert, Baltimore street, second square.
Fahnestock Brothers, cor. Baltimore and Middle streets.
Culp & Earnshaw, cor. Washington and Railroad streets.
W. E. Biddle & Co., cor. Stratton and Railroad streets.
McCurdy & Hamilton, Carlisle st.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

Danner & Ziegler, Baltimore street, first square.
Fahnestock Brothers, corner Baltimore and Middle sts.

HARNESS, &C.

D McCreary & Son, Baltimore st. opposite Pres Church.
J. M. Rowe, Baltimore street, third square.

HATS, CAPS, SHOES, &C.

S. S. McCreary, Chambersburg street, first square.
Jacob Brinkerhoff, corner of York st., and Public Square.
T C Norris, Chambersburg street, first square.
Cobean & Shriver, Chambersburg st.

HOTELS.

Eagle Hotel, J. L. Tate, proprietor, corner Chambersburg and Washington.
Keystone House, W. R. Myers, proprietor, Chambersburg street, opposite Christ's Church.

LIVERY STABLES.

N. Weaver, Washington st., north of Chambersburg.
T. T. Tate, Washington st., near Eagle Hotel.

MARBLE YARDS.

John Cannon, corner of Baltimore and Middle streets.
Meals & Brother, York st., east of Stratton.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

C. J. Tyson, York street, opposite National Bank.
Levi Mumper, Baltimore st., first square.

PHYSICIAN.

J. W. C. O'Neal, Baltimore street, near High.

PRINTING OFFICE.

*Star & Sentinel*, Baltimore st., midway between the Court House and Public Square, west side.

STOVES, TINWARE, &C.

C. H. Buehler, corner of Carlisle and Railroad.
S. G. Cook, York st., one-ity opposite the National Bank.

SUGAR STORE.

Washington Bierbower, Chambersburg st., below Washington.

WATCHMAKER.

Soper & McCartney, York street, opposite Bank.


[COMMUNICATED.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—My *loyalty* to the township in which I teach has induced me to correct a mistake which occurred in a late "STAR AND SENTINEL." Tyrone was reported as being one of the townships, the teachers of which were not granted any time to attend the late Convention.* To allow such a mistake to pass unnoticed would be doing injustice to our Directors, who have promised not to require us to teach more than *two*, and possibly not more than *one*, of the days spent there.

A TYRONE TEACHER.

*It is proper to say that in the Official Report furnished to us by the Secretary of the Convention, Tyrone was in the list of districts which had *not* granted any time to Teachers.—EDITORS.

NATIVE WINES.—Some time since we stopped at Passaic, and were really surprised to see the old store houses there all filled with wine on storage.

The amount of Mr. Speer's stock of Port Grape Wine on hand is almost fabulous.—Four storehouses are filled, and tiers upon tiers of casks up and down stairs, and in some cases huge vats, occupy every available spot, leaving only little alley ways through which to walk. It is an illimitless quantity of wine. None is sold until it has acquired the age of four years, and the buildings, 1, 2, 3 and 4, are of the first, second, third and fourth years vintage. Our druggists have some of the olde-t of the above wine direct from Mr. Speer.—*Patersonian.*

THE SHARES of the Washington Library Company of Philadelphia are being disposed of with unexampled rapidity. The absence of all concealment, the honesty of purpose manifested by those who first inaugurated the enterprise, the fairness with which the proposed final distribution is to be conducted, and the patriotic purpose to which the entire surplus is to be applied, have taken firm hold upon public confidence. Every share of stock will be accompanied by a present at the great distribution of $300,000 worth of presents.

Geo. A. Cooke & Co., Bankers, 33 South Third Street, Philadelphia, are receivers of all the funds, and their name is an assurance of the integrity and reliability of the Company, which is organized for a good purpose which should not be confounded with the bogus concerns that infest the country.—Read advertisement. 1t

"Canst thou not minister to a mind diseased,
And, with some sweet, oblivious antidote,
Cleanse the foul bosom of the perilous stuff
That weighs upon the heart?"

Certainly; Plantation Bitters will do it when nothing else will. Melancholy, Depression, Hypochondria, Insanity, all spring, more or less, from a diseased stomach, and this, Plantation Bitters is a sure cure for.—There is no mistake about it; Dyspepsia, Headache, Dullness, Ague, and Low Spirits must yield to the health-giving and genial influence of the Plantation Bitters. If you are in doubt, make one trial and be convinced. Thus say those who know.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price. Jan. 1-2

A STANDARD SCALE (Fairbanks') should be part of the furniture of every housekeeper. Besides enabling one to get the exact proportions in cooking, preserving, etc., it will more than pay its cost in insuring good weight from the butcher and grocer. 1t

"HEALING ON ITS WINGS," say all who have made use of *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, and by such has been cured of coughs, colds, bronchitis, sore throat, influenza or consumption. The prudent will always keep this standard remedy by them.

☞The sweetest singer and the sweetest perfume of the day are Adelina Patti and Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus." Both are American! The fair singer enraptures everybody—the perfume is in demand everywhere.—*Georgetown Union.* 1-3

THE Morgan Raid Commission, authorized by the Legislature of Indiana, have allowed claims to the mount of $418,549. Of that amount, $330,000 worth of property was destroyed by the rebel forces, $47,000 by the United States forces, $5,000 were not prosecuted, and the balance was destroyed by the State forces and unknown parties.

## Review of the Markets.

### Baltimore Grain and Produce Market.

*Baltimore, Tuesday Morning.*

| | |
|---|---|
| SUPER FLOUR, | 9 50 @ 10 00 |
| EXTRA FLOUR, | 10 50 @ 11 00 |
| WHITE WHEAT, | 2 30 @ 2 70 |
| RED WHEAT, | 2 08 @ 2 90 |
| CORN, | 1 15 @ 1 21 |
| RYE, | 1 60 @ 1 70 |
| OATS, | 75@ 76 |
| BUCKWHEAT, | 4 00 @ 4 50 |
| TIMOTHY-SEED, | 2 50 @ 2 75 |
| CLOVER-SEED, | 7 50 @ 8 00 |
| BACON, HAMS, | 17 @ 18 |
| " SIDES, | 12 @ 13 |
| " SHOULDERS, | 11 @ 12 |
| HOGS, ₹ 100 lbs. | @ |
| BEEF CATTLE, ₹ 100 lbs. | @ |
| HAY, | @ |
| WHISKEY, | @ |
| GOLD, Phila. | 1 33½ |

### Gettysburg Grain and Provision Market.

*Gettysburg, Wednesday Morning*

| | |
|---|---|
| SUPER FLOUR, | 9 00 |
| EXTRA FLOUR, | 10 00 |
| WHITE WHEAT, | 2 20 @ 2 30 |
| RED WHEAT, | 2 10 @ 2 25 |
| CORN, | 90 @ 1 10 |
| RYE, | 1 30 |
| OATS, | 60 |
| BUCKWHEAT, | 1 00 |
| TIMOTHY SEED, | 2 50 |
| CLOVER SEED, | 6 50 |
| POTATOES, | 1 20 @ 1 50 |
| BUTTER, | 35 |
| LARD, | 10 |
| EGGS, | 25 |
| BACON, HAMS, | 14 @ 15 |
| " SIDES, | 10 |
| " SHOULDERS, | 10 |
| SOAP, | 7 @ 8 |
| TALLOW, | 10 |

## MARRIED.

GETZ—HEAGY.—On the 26th ult., at New Oxford, by Rev. Dr. Hauer, Dr. M. L. Getz to Miss Maggie A., daughter of Mr. John Heagy.

HERR—HOFFMAN.—On the 10th ult., by Rev. Mr. Flinn, Mr. Ephraim F. Herr, of Freedom township, to Miss Molly J. Hoffman, of Liberty township.

KING—VOSE.—On the 18th ult., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Dr. J. W. Thompson, Capt. James B. King, of Nova Scotia, (formerly of Gettysburg,) Miss Sallie M. Vose, of Jamaica Plains, Mass.

SHULL—SNYDER.—On the 24th ult., at the Lutheran Parsonage, York Springs, by Rev. D. M. Blackwelder, Wm. F. Shull to Miss Sophia R. Snyder, both of this county.

WHISLER—YOUNG.—On the 19th ult., at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. W. R. H. Deatrick, Calvin D. Whisler, of Cumberland township, to Miss Louisa S. Young, of Gettysburg.

## DIED.

☞Obituary notices 5 cents a line for all over 4 lines—cash to accompany notices.

GILLILAND.—On the 12th ult., near Heidlersburg, Sarah Gilliland, aged 86 years, 1 month and 3 days.

GILLILAND.—On the 2nd of November, in Beaumont, Houston co., Texas, John, son of John and Anna Gilliland, aged 2 years, formerly of Frederick co., Md.

GROVER.—On the 12th ult., at St. Louis, Eliza L., daughter of George M. and Elmira J. Grover, and grand daughter of John Crapster, formerly of Emmittsburg, aged 14 years, 11 months and 13 days.

NUGENT.—On the 21st ult., at the Alms House, Edward Nugent, at an advanced age.

WERTZ.—On the 26th ult., Henry Wertz, of Straban township, aged 81 years and 29 days

WILLIAMS.—On the 23d ult., Howard D., only son of Amos and Sarah Williams, aged 9 months and 22 days, (colored.)


## New Advertisements.

NOTICE—PAY UP!

All persons knowing themselves indebted to me either by Note or Book account will please make payment before the *first of March next*, after which my Books will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

Bendersville, Jan. 1.—3t* WM. A. ELDEN.

PENMANSHIP AND CARD-WRITING
*TAUGHT AT THE*
WASHINGTON HOUSE,

Terms $2 each, including Stationery, for a course of
12 LESSONS,

of one hour each per day. Classes are so divided that only four pupils are taken at a time. Ladies instructed at their private Residences—no extra charge, provided 4 meet at one house.

*Visiting, Wedding and Address CARDS written in any style, fancy and plain,* equal to engraving at $1.50 cts. per pack of 50 Cards included.

Testimonials and improvements of Scholars may be examined at the Washington House. The undersigned proposes to be able through the secret of his system, to learn scholars how to write in the shortest period.—Specimens of these kind, where some of the most miserable penmen before taking lessons, produce their improvement, can be seen, and attention is especially called to the fact that they are not written after a copy, which would display no skill on the part of scholars, but they are written by dictation, so that a scholar must know the form of every Letter by Heart. All those desirous of taking lessons will please call at the Washington House, and sign their names accordingly.

Jan. 1.-2t JUSTUS HABICH.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, the 20th day of JANUARY, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

99. The first and final account of Jacob Leer, Administrator of the estate of Margaret Leer, deceased.

100. The first and final account of George B Monfort, Administrator of the estate of Francis Monfort, deceased.

101. The first and final account of John Evans, Esq., Administrator of the estate of Henry Fickle, late of Latimore township, Adams co. deceased.

102. The account of Andrew Sonder, Administrator pendente lite of Sarah Dull, deceased.

W. D. HOLTZWORTH, Register.

Jan. 1—tc

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS the Hon ROBERT J. FISHER, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the Counties comprising the 18th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district, and ISAAC E. WEIMER and ISAAC ROBINSON, Esqrs., Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 20th day of Nov., in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on *Monday, the 20th day of January*, 1868—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

PHILIP HANN, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Jan. 1, 1868.

DR. R. HORNER,
*PHYSICIAN AND DRUGGIST,*
Office and Drug Store, CHAMBERSBURG STREET, GETTYSBURG.

Medical advice without charge.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, STATIONERY, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, BRUSHES, TOILET ARTICLES, DYE STUFFS, SPICES, BAKING SODA, CREAM OF TARTAR, LAMPS, COAL OIL, &C., &C.

PURE LIQUORS for medicinal purposes.

Dr. R. Horner's OLIEN, a reliable remedy for chapped hands, rough skin, &c.

All articles warranted pure and genuine.

Jan. 1, 1868.—tf

COBEAN & SCHRIVER

HAVE just received a new supply of
Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,
of latest styles, for Winter use, which they are selling at reduced prices. They also manufacture and repair
HARNESS, of all kinds,
promptly, and on reasonable terms. Bridles, Halters, Whips, Trunks, Valises, Tobacco, Cigars, and a great variety of Notions always on hand. Call at the old stand on Chambersburg street, two doors west of Buehler's Drug Store. [Dec. 25, 1867.—tf

BROOM HANDLES FOR SALE,
Wholesale or Retail, at the Lumber Yard of
C. H. BUEHLER.

## New Advertisements.

DELACOVE INSTITUTE.—English and French Boarding School for Young Ladies.—Accomplished Educators, healthful location, delightful river side residence, and home-like comfort, are the chief attractions of this new and beautiful Institution. Thirty handsome chambers limit the number of boarders to sixty. Second term commences Feb. 1st, 1868. For Prospectus address the Principal,

MISS RACHELLE G. HUNT, Beverly, N. J.

CUT THIS OUT

And send it to SMITH & COWLEY, Pittsburgh, Pa. for their large Quarto Circular of the

IRON CITY COLLEGE,

containing specimens of Cowley's Premium Penmanship, Elegant Views of College Building, Halls, City of Pittsburgh, &c., &c.

FOR 1868. FOR 1868.

THOSE WHO WISH TO TAKE A
GOOD RELIGIOUS PAPER
For the New Year should subscribe for
THE ADVANCE.

Live, Earnest and Spiritual. Just the paper for home and Sunday. $2 50 a year. Splendid Premiums for those who get up Clubs. Specimen copies sent free.

Address THE ADVANCE COMPANY,
25 Lombard Block, Chicago.

THE RURAL GENTLEMAN, a Monthly Journal, Published at Baltimore, Md. $1 a year, in advance.—Specimens 10 cents. Advertisements solicited. Agents wanted. Address as above.

BRADSTREET'S

RUBBER MOULDING AND WEATHER STRIPS. The best, cheapest and only perfect Weather Strips in the market. Excludes snow, rain, cold air and dust. Prices reduced to agents. The sale is beyond anything ever offered. Send for an agent's circular.

J. B. BRADSTREET & CO.,
57 Nassau st., N. Y., 57 Washington st., Boston.

JAMES VICK,
IMPORTER AND GROWER OF
Flower & Vegetable Seeds
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

VICK'S ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE
OF
*Seeds and Floral Guide for* 1868,

Is now published and ready to send out. It makes a work of about ONE HUNDRED LARGE PAGES, containing full descriptions of the

CHOICEST FLOWERS & VEGETABLES GROWN,

with plain directions for Sowing Seed, Culture, &c. It is beautifully illustrated, with more than ONE HUNDRED FINE WOOD ENGRAVINGS of Flowers and Vegetables, and a

BEAUTIFUL COLORED PLATE OF FLOWERS.

Will printed, on the finest paper, and one of the most beautiful as well as the most instructive works of the kind published.

☞Sent to all who appl, by mail, post-paid, for ten cents, which is not half the cost.

Address JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CO.
THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
*VIA PANAMA OR NICARAGUA.*
SAILING FROM NEW YORK

*December 5th and 15th; January 5th, 15th and 25th, and February 15th and 25th.*

With New Steamships of the First Class.

For further information address the undersigned at 177 West street, New York.

D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

AMERICAN CLOCK CO.
3 CORTLANDT ST., NEW YORK,
Manufacturers, Agents and Dealers in
ALL VARIETIES OF AMERICAN CLOCKS.
Sole Agents for
SETH THOMAS CLOCKS.

30,000 FRANCS!!

HERRING'S
PATENT
CHAMPION SAFES.

AWARDED THE PRIZE MEDALS AT

WORLD'S FAIR, - - London
WORLD'S FAIR, - - New York,
EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE, - Paris,

AND

WINNER OF THE WAGER
OF
30,000 FRANCS!!
($6,000 IN GOLD.)

At the recent International contest, in the Paris Exhibition.

The public are invited to call and examine the report of the Jury on the merits of the great contest and see the official award to the Herring's Patent over all others.

HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN,
251 BROADWAY,
*Cor. Murray St., NEW YORK.*
FARREL, HERRING & CO.,
*PHILADELPHIA.*
HERRING & CO., Chicago.
HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN,
*NEW ORLEANS.*

WANTED.—Ladies or Gentlemen to sell the GEM Scissors Sharpener, Button Hole Cutter and Ripper combined. Sample sent by mail for 40 cts. Address Mrs. ANNA SMITH, 53 Fardman st., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED.—SALESMEN to travel and sell goods by sample. Good wages and steady employment.—Address, with stamp, LANPHAR & PERRY, 107 Superior st., Cleveland, Ohio.

IT IS THE BEST CHANCE
EVER OFFERED TO AGENTS!

One or two days' time will secure a good *Sewing Machine, Watch, Silk Dress, Revolver*, or some other article of equal value, FREE OF COST:

Agents wanted everywhere, male and female, for the best One Dollar Rawnbroker's Sale in the country. Send for circular.

S. C. THOMPSON & CO.,
30 Hanover street, Boston, Mass.

We Sell for One Dollar,

GOLD and Silver Watches, Sewing Machines, Silver Tea Setts, Silk Dress Patterns, Carpetings, Domestic Goods, &c., &c.

CIRCULARS SENT FREE,

giving full particulars of our great One Dollar Sale. Splendid inducements offered to Agents sending us Clubs. Address LAGONDA & RABBITT,
No. 83 Sudbury st., Boston.

NO MORE NEED

Of people in the country paying three or four profits on the goods they have to buy. The methods introduced by the DOLLAR SALE principle, as offered by GILMAN & CO., 119 Hanover st., Boston, Mass., enables consumers to obtain goods at wholesale prices, with almost unlimited allowing of exchange, and valuable presents thrown in. Send for a Circular, or send ten cents for descriptive slip. Great inducements for persons to act as Agents. [Dec. 25, 1867.—4t

WE ARE COMING!

And will present to any person sending us a club in our

ONE DOLLAR SALE
of DRY AND FANCY GOODS, a
Watch, Piece of Sheeting, Silk Dress Pattern, &c., &c.,
FREE OF COST.

Catalogue of goods and sample sent to any address FREE.

ALLEN, HAWES & CO.,
P. O. Box C. 16 Federal st., Boston, Mass.

Wholesale Dealers in French, German, and English Dry and Fancy Goods, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Albums, Leather Goods, &c.

ONE DOLLAR EACH.

WEBS Cotton Cloth, Dress Patterns, Pant Patterns, Sewing Machines, Dry and Fancy Goods, &c., &c. Send ten cents for Patent Pen Fountain, with slip describing an article in our dollar sale.

Any person, (male or female,) can send in a club of from 2 to 1,000, at same rate (10 cts. for each), and get a premium for so doing. Send in Registered Letters. Samples mailed free to any address.

HALLMAN & KENDALL,
63 Hanover st., Boston, Mass.

FOUND.

A NEW METHOD OF COPYING LETTERS, without either Press or Water, thereby saving time, labor and expense. Ask for "PEN LETTER BOOK." For circulars, address P. GARRETT & CO., 702 Chestnut st., Philadelphia. Agents wanted.

FARMERS and Farmers' Sons wanted to engage in a business, during the Fall and Winter, paying from $1 50 to $200 per month. Address ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO., No. 814 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa.

MADAM FOY'S
CORSET SKIRT SUPPORTER

COMBINES in one garment a PERFECT FITTING CORSET, and the most desirable Skirt Supporter ever offered the public. It places the weight of the skirts upon the shoulders instead of the hips; it improves the form without tight lacing; gives ease and elegance; is approved and recommended by physicians—Sold at ladies' fancy goods stores generally, and at wholesale at

21 S. SAUNDERS & CO.,
96 Summer st., Boston, and 23 Walker st., New York.

Also, by HENRY C. MOOR, 429 Market street, Philadelphia, and STELLMANN, HINRICHS & CO., 21 Hanover street, Baltimore, Md.

Revolution in Trade!

LADIES, you can receive for the sum of
ONE DOLLAR,
3 lb. Merino, and Alpaca Dresses, Shawls, Balmorals, Linen Goods, Embossed Table Covers, Watches, Jewelry, Silver-Plated Ware, Sewing Machines, &c. Send clubs of ten or more, with ten cents for each description check, and the getter up of the club will receive a present worth from $3 to $500, according to number sent. Agents wanted everywhere. Circulars sent free. PARKER & CO., successors to GRAHAM & CO., 96 and 98 Federal street, Boston.


## Real Estate Sales.

VALUABLE TANNERY
AT PRIVATE SALE

The subscriber, wishing to give up the Tanning business, offers at Private Sale, his valuable TANNERY, situate on South Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa., including Brick Bean Shop, with 1 pool, 2 limes, and six handlers: Brick Currying Shop; Brick and Frame Bark Mill House; 28 lay-away Vats in the yard, with Leaches and room to add any additional number—constant running Spring water, never-failing, in tan-yard and shops. This Tannery is located in a region where good Bark is abundant at reasonable prices. Possession of the Tannery will be given to the purchaser immediately, if desired, with a supply of bark to run it.

There is besides a large Two-story BRICK DWELLING on the property, with Spring House, Smoke House, Wood Shed, Barn, Corn Crib, Wagon Shed and other outbuildings, with a well of water and also hydrant at kitchen door, with running water through Spring House. There is a variety of best quality of growing Grapes and Fruit on the premises. The property is in good condition, and in every respect a most desirable residence and business stand.

Also, will be sold, A LOT OF GROUND adjoining above, containing 1½ Acres, more or less, with an Apple Orchard and a first-class Spring and Bathing Establishment on it.

Also, A LOT OF GROUND, on the Emmittsburg road, one-half mile from town, containing 8 Acres, which the purchaser can also have, if desired.

☞Persons desiring to view the premises, or ascertain further particulars, will address the subscriber, residing in Gettysburg, Pa. JOHN WINEBRENNER.

Sept. 18.—tf

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE
REAL & PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned,

The Star and Sentinel, Gettysburg, Pa. January 1, 1868.

## The Farmer and Housekeeper.

### CARE OF STOCK.

The sudden inauguration of old Winter, with his white mantle and biting breath, should induce farmers and others who are now allowed a resting spell to give their attention to stock. Plenty of employment can then be given, the comfort of your animals increased, and when spring arrives you will have the satisfaction of surveying a healthy and fine-looking stock, and not be compelled to nurse them up to a marketable state after the breaking up of the winter. It is not economy to neglect or shorten the allowance of stock because they are for the time non-productive. Their health and lives are often put in jeopardy by such carelessness and their usefulness nearly always impaired.

*Horses* should be well attended to at this season. A good clean litter of straw or leaves makes them comfortable, and increases the manure pile when a new bed ling is required. They should always be rubbed dry after use, and the currycomb frequently applied. Exercise is conductive their health. Horses become vicious and intractable by being kept up too long, but in no case over-work them.—Sore moths in horses are often frequent, and can be prevented by warming the bits before putting them into their mouths; a good plan is to cover the bits with a piece of stout leather; the mouth is not then cut, nor the skin taken off the tongue by the frosted iron. Give them sloppy food, and don't neglect to salt them occasionally. Carrots are also recommended as very nutritious.

*Cows* should be well housed and fed plentifully. If milk is desired, a good feed of sugar beets, or rutabaga, with a free use of pump kins and roots, will produce it. Where steamed food is not used, boiled potatoes or Indian corn will be found acceptable.

Cut hay put into hogsheads or troughs, and and a couple of buckets of boiling water poured upon it, immediately covering it up close, and permitting it to remain for six or eight hours before feeding, will be found to be a very grateful and nutritious food for milch cows, who will amply repay their owner, principal and interest, for his additional labor and care in furnishing them with such a delicious repast two or three times a week. It is taken for granted that those who take the care to see that their cattle are duly and properly sheltered and fed, also extend the necessary care to keep them *clean*, for without this, the work is only half done, as neither man or beast can thrive when covered with filth.

If a cow is dry, don't neglect her on that account, or you will most likely have a scrawny calf. Salt your stock once or twice a week.

*Oxen* should not be allowed to feed with the weaker animals, as they always desire the lion's share. The currycomb is also recommended for them as well as horses; a healthy action of the skin is produced, and with health comes contentment and gentleness.

*Calves* require special care, if you would have them good. Give them corn meal and bran daily, and keep them supplied with hay and corn fodder. Don't confine them to a close pen, but provide them with a shelter when they desire it. If not weaned, keep the mother in good condition, as she requires extra nutriment on account of her charge.

*Colts* should be fed on mess, brewers' grain roots, or anything that will keep them in a growing condition. Plenty of sloppy food is required by them, and three times per day is not too often to feed them. Treat them with gentleness, and use them to being patted and caressed, as they will then be more easily broke to harness or saddle, and grow up with no vicious habits to be corrected.

*Hogs* and *Sheep* require a warm shelter, good, substantial food if you are preparing hem for the butcher. Give them salt occasionally, and keep a clean litter of leaves or straw for them.

*Poultry* will be found decidedly unproductive at this season without proper care.—Young chickens grow tough and hardy by exposure to the weather; laying hens will refuse to lay, and thus become a burden instead of a profit. Don't keep many hens unless you are prepared to give them accommodations and food. By warmth and good feed a hen will lay double what she otherwise would. Let them have lime and gravel, and keep a box of wood ashes for them to roll in. Good, dry quarters is what they desire. Chickens tire very soon on any one food; variety is what they like. Barley and corn, or scraps from the table and most kinds of vegetables and meat, boiled, they will eat with avidity. All refuse meal from the butchers will be found to their advantage if given them twice a week. Don't overfeed your fowls, as apoplexy will kill then off faster than is profitable, but always manage to keep their craws with something in them, and they will be content to keep to their house, and not fly all over the premises and freeze in the snow.

*Water* should be kept where all your stock can have access to it. See that it don't freeze over for any length of time, so that they may suffer for the want of it.

SOILING VS. PASTURING.—Let me recite the experience and practice of a friend of mine. Coming into possession of about nine acres of land, in the neighborhood of a good market, made by the demands of a large literary institution, he cast about as to what was to be done. Two cows and a horse were the stock in trade for neat cattle. He was obliged to pay each season, for pasturage, what it was thought to be worth, and at the same time it was no small job to drive his cows back and forth. That determined him to keep his cows in the barn. The greatest trouble was the rapid accumulation of manure. By good husbandry he properly secured that—he kept feeding it to his crops. Finding his crops increasing he added another cow. Another cow only made more manure. More manure, husbanded in the same way, made more crops, and the third year he added another cow.

Now began another serious difficulty. His barn was too small. Still, at the end of the fourth year, he put in another cow, and set himself at work to get up a new barn; and when I last saw him he had a new barn with moderate improvements, of good size, a horse, a pair of cattle, and five cows,—and yet had not thought of buying more land, but wanted more cows.

Now, people who do not want a large accumulation of manure and a gradual increase of crops, should not adopt that style. But it seems to me that, for our towns, where homesteads are in small lots and not easily procured, no better course can be pursued than soiling the cows, and at the same time fattening the soil.—*New England Homestead.*

SHELTERING SHEEP.—From the experience of an English farmer it has been demonstrated, that sheltered sheep eat one-third less of in-seed cake, and two pounds less of turnips per day. And yet not withstanding this, the increase of those housed, compared with those that were not, was as fourteen to nine. An equal if not greater advantage is derived by sheltering cattle.

SNUFFLES IN SHEEP.—William P. Hayden informs the *Maine Farmer* that equal parts of gargot root, alum, and tobacco, steeped together, will cure the sniffles or nasty nose in sheep. It should be forced up the hostrils with a syringe.


## Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

Soldiers' Head-Quarters

AT NORRIS' STORE, is the place to get your

FALL & WINTER GOODS

CHEAP FOR CASH.

If you want a cheap Over coat, go to NORRIS'
If you want a good cheap Dress Coat, go to NORRIS'
If you want a good Everyday Coat, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good pair of Pants, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good cheap Vest, go to NORRIS'
If you want a FASHIONABLE HAT, go to NORRIS'
If you want a late Fall Style Cap, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good pair of Boots or Shoes, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a FASHIONABLE NECK-TIE, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good French Calf Gaiter, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good Umbrella, go to NORRIS'.
If you want good Paper Collars, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a fashionable suit of Clothes, go to NORRIS'.
If you want anything in the Gentlemen's Line, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good SMOKE, go to NORRIS'.
If you want good HEAVY UNDER-CLOTHING, go to NORRIS'.

Also—A large stock of CASSIMERES IN THE PIECE. Persons preferring the goods to Ready made Clothing, can be accommodated at the lowest cash price.

Oct. 9, 1867.—tf THEO. C. NORRIS.

New Boot and Shoe Store.

NEW GOODS AND AT LOW PRICES.

THE undersigned has opened a new Boot and Shoe Store, on BALTIMORE STREET, one door south of the Presbyterian Church and nearly opposite McCreary's Saddler Shop, where he offers an attractive assortment of goods in his line, all new and selected with the greatest care. He has

LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
LADIES' COMMON GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL BOOTS.
IN LARGE VARIETY.
GENTLEMEN'S CALF BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S KIP BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S CONGRESS GAITERS,
GENTLEMEN'S SLIPPERS. ALL STYLES,
GENTLEMEN'S BALMORALS,
GENTLEMEN'S BROGANS, &c.
MISSES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
MISSES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
MISSES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
&c., &c., &c., &c.
BOYS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
BOYS' CALF BALMORALS,
BOYS' BROGANS, &c., &c.

All will be sold at the lowest living profits. Buyers, from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. I am determined to sell cheaper than any other house in the county. By strict attention to business, and dealing fairly and squarely with everybody, I hope to merit and receive an encouraging share of public patronage.

The MANUFACTURING of Boots and Shoes will be carried on, in all its branches. Boots, Shoes and Gaiters made to order. Also, Boots and Shoes of his own manufacture constantly on hand. Repairing done on short notice—and no effort spared to give satisfaction. None but first class workmen employed. Having a life-time experience at the business, I feel confident that I can please all who may call.

Gettysburg, July 31, 1867.—tf D. H. KLINGEL.

PICKING

JUST FROM THE CITY!

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

*Prices Reduced! Reduced! Reduced!*

F. B. PICKING, just from the city, with an enormous stock of new

CLOTHING, NOTIONS, &c.,

offers bargains of the most astonishing character. To prove the assertion, all he asks is that buyers will

COME AND SEE! COME AND SEE!

and judge for themselves. He has

COATS. Over Coats, Black Frock Coats, Cloth Sack Coats, Cassimer Sack Coats, Satinet Sack Coats, Tweed Sack Coats.

PANTS, Black Cassimere Pants, Fancy Cassimere Pants, Satinet Pants, Tweed Pants.

VESTS, Cloth Vests, Cassimere Vests, Satinet Vests, Velvet Vests, Merino Vests, Paper and Linen

NOTIONS, Gloves, Suspenders, Black Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Spring Stocks, Collars, &c.

CLOCKS, Right-day Clocks, Hurry-back Clocks, Alarm Clocks, Gothic Clocks,

ALSO, Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, Violin Strings.

Trunks and Umbrellas.

Boring at the *latest* and *lowest* decline, PICKING can sell at the very LOWEST prices. No doubt about it—Everybody says so. [Nov. 6, 1867—tf

NEW GOODS.

GEO. ARNOLD

has now opened a LARGE STOCK of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

mostly of his own manufacture, consisting of all sizes of

COATS, PANTS & VESTS,

SHIRTS, DRAWERS,

CRAVATS, HOSIERY, &c.,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

☞Call, examine and judge for yourselves.☜

Oct. 30, 1867.—tf

NEW AND CHEAP CLOTHING

AT BRINKERHOFF'S.

*STACKS OF THEM!*

CLOTHING FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR, which he is selling at such prices as cannot fail to take them off very rapidly. Call and judge for yourselves.—To look at the excellent material, tasteful cutting, and neat and substantial sewing, and then to get his low prices—callers cannot help but buy, when they see it so much to their interest to do so.

He has Coats, Pants, Vests, of all styles and materials, Hats, Boots and Shoes;

Shirts, of all kinds, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Glass and Paper Collars Suspenders, Brushes, Combs;

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Pocket Knives, Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, Stationery, &c.;

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, with a thousan and one other articles, entirely too numerous to detail in a news paper advertisement.

He asks the attention of the public to his new stock, confident that it will please—and no one can or will sell cheaper. Don't forget the place—Centre York street and the Diamond, Gettysburg.

May 29, 1867. JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

New Goods!

CHEAP—CHEAPER—CHEAPEST!

If you wish to buy good and cheap Goods, call at JACOBS & BRO'S. STORE, near Myers' Hotel, in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg. They have the very best selection of goods, such as CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, &c., the market can produce and are determined to sell them as cheap as can be sold anywhere in town or country. Any person wishing to have them cut out, can have it done free of charge.—Those desiring Goods made up can also be accommodated. We warrant the best work and the best fits to be had anywhere. No humbug in what we say.

We have on hand the very best most durable SEWING MACHINES, and are always ready to wait on purchasers. Full satisfaction given as to operating machine.—Call and examine. We warrant them to be the best in use. JACOBS & BRO.

May 29, 1867

FALL STYLE OF HATS

FOR 1867.

S. S. M'CREARY

HAS just received a fresh and general assortment of HATS, including the very latest style of fine Silk, Cassimere and Soft Fur Hats, and also a large supply of fine and low priced Wool HATS and CAPS for Men and BOYS. He invites his friends and the public to give him a call. [Sept. 12, 1867—tf

MERCHANT TAILORING.

*CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS,*

and other materials for Man's wear, finished and made up, to order, on short notice.

SATISFACTION WARRANTED.

Work also solicited from Customers, who purchase their Goods elsewhere.

W. TYSING,

Chambersburg street, opposite the Bank

June 12, 1867.—ly



## Stoves, Tinware, &c.

TIN-WARE AND STOVES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF TIN-WARE IN THE COUNTY, AT

S. G. COOK'S,

(Formerly Andrew Polley's): also some of THE BEST COOKING-STOVES IN THE MARKET, among which are the

OLD DOMINION,
COMPROMISE,
PENNSYLVANIA,
NOBLE COOK,
ECONOMIST,
HARLEY SHEAF, &c.

Also, many other articles for kitchen use, which will be sold as low as at any other place in the county.

April 12, 1866. S. G. COOK.

Stoves, Tin-Ware, &c., &c.,

THE public are invited to call and examine my immense stock of goods

IN THE STOVE LINE:

Waverly, Noble Cook, Royal Cook, Barley Sheaf, Oriental, Revere's Cook, Ornamental, Excelsior, Prince Royal and the Emerald Cooking Stoves, all for coal or wood.—These varieties are a selection from the best and most popular Cooking Stoves in the market, all of which are all warranted to give entire satisfaction. Also, a very large variety of Parlor, Shoon and Shop Stoves, for coal or wood, including the celebrated Morning Glory, the Vulcan, Oval Meteor, Round Meteor, Dial, Violet, Gem, Regulator, Comet, Key, New Egg, Parlor Cook, &c., &c.—Fire Brick and Grates, for coal or wood, always on hand.

IN THE TIN-WARE LINE:

The assortment embraces everything necessary for kitchen or household purposes, including a large number of coverings; at cheap articles of new design which must be seen to be appreciated. The stock is so large and varied that those who have not visited the establishment have no conception of its extent. In addition to the ordinary kitchen utensils, it includes Bathing Vessels, Toilet Chamber Sets, plain and fancy, Chamber Buckets, Bread and Spice Boxes, Tea and Coffee Canisters, Deed Boxes, Spittoons, Tumbler Drainers, Bill-head Boxes, Waiters Ale Carriers, Water Coolers, Slaw Cutters, Nurse Lamps, Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Patent Nutmeg Graters, Comb Cases, Gen. Grant Plates and A B C Plates, Ash Buckets, Flour Sieves, Bird Cages, Spout Heads, Coffee Mills, Lanterns, Basting Spoons, Large Forks, Candle Sticks, Candle Moulds, Copper Dippers, Wrought-iron Frying Pans, Smoothing Irons, Foot Scrapers, Coffee Roasters, Waffle Irons, Dinner and Auction-or Bells, Egg Beaters, Gilers, Fluted Pastry Jags, Coal Sieves, Glass top Fruit Cans, Plain-top Fruit Cans, self-sealing Jars, &c., &c. Tin-ware made to order, and repairing promptly attended to, by the best of workmen.

IN THE HOLLOW-WARE LINE:

Cast-iron Pots, of every size and variety, for stores, Porcelain Kettles for cooking and preserving, Tin-lined Kettles, for ditto, Cast-iron Stew Pans, of every size and variety, Porcelain and tinned, with a thousand and one other articles impossible to enumerate in an advertisement.

Attention is specially directed to three valuable patents for which he is agent, and about which there is no humbug, as can be attested by scores who have used them, viz: THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES-WRINGER, DOTTY'S WASHING MACHINE, and the celebrated DIAMOND CHURN.

The public are invited to call and examine goods and prices. He guarantees to sell everything in his line at exceeding low figures. Come and see, to gratify your curiosity, if you do not want to buy. No trouble to show goods. C. M. BUEHLER.

July 3, 1867.—tf


## Lines of Travel.

GETTYSBURG RAIL ROAD.

CHANGE OF CONNECTIONS.

On and after Wednesday, November 6th, 1867, Passenger Trains will leave and arrive at Gettysburg, and make connections as follows:

FIRST PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 8 15. A. M., with passengers for York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and the North and West, arriving at Hanover Junction in time to take cars, at 10 15. A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South, on the Northern Central Railway, and arriving at Baltimore at 12 20, noon Also, connecting with Mail train from Baltimore north, arriving in Harrisburg at 1 00, P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg 12 40, P. M., with passengers from Harrisburg, York, Baltimore, and Washington.

SECOND PASSENGER TRAIN will leave G ttysburg at 2 30, P. M., arriving at Hanover Junction at 4 30, and connecting with Mail train South. Arrive in Baltimore at 6 00, P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg at 5 30, P. M., with passengers from Philadelphia, Harrisburg, and the North and West and also with passengers from Baltimore and Washington by the Fast Line North, which leaves Baltimore at 12 10, noon.

Passengers can leave Baltimore in the Mail train, at 8 20 A. M., and arrive in Gettysburg at 12 40, P. M. Or leave Baltimore in the Fast Line at 12 10, noon, and arrive in Gettysburg at 5 40, P. M. But one change of cars either way, viz: at Hanover Junction.

R. McCURDY, Sup't.

Dec. 4, 1867.

HANOVER BRANCH RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, May 6th, 1867, passenger trains on the Hanover Branch Railroad will leave as follows:

FIRST TRAIN

(which makes connection with the trains on the North ern Central railway at the Junction,) will leave Hanover at 9.00 A. M., for York, Baltimore, Harrisburg, and intermediate stations. This train to do a strictly Express at 9.55 A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South, on the Northern Central Railway, which arrives at Baltimore at 12 20 P. M., and also with the Mail Train North, which arrives at Harrisburg at 12 55 P. M.

☞This train returns to Hanover at 12 M. and arrives at Gettysburg at 1 P. M.

SE OND TRAIN

Leaves Hanover at 2 20 P. M. and arrives at the Junction at 3 10 P. M., connecting with the Mail Train South, which arrives at Baltimore at 6 P. M. Also with the Mail Train for York lay over at the Junction until 6.12 P. M.

☞This Train returns to Hanover at 4 P. M., with passengers for Hanover, Gettysburg and Littlestown.

Passengers leaving Baltimore for Hanover, Gettysburg and Littlestown, will take either the Mail Train at 8.20 A. M., or the Fast Line at 12.10 P. M.

May 29, 1867. JOSEPH LEIB, Agent.

READING RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

November 25, 1867.

Great trunk line from the North and Northwest for Philadelphia, New York, leading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3.00, 5 25 and 8 10 A. M., and 2.05 and 9.35 P. M., connecting with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Rail Road, and arriving at New York at 6.50 and 10.15 11.50 A. M., and 3.40 and 9 30 P. M. Sleeping Cars accompanying the 3.00 A. M. and 9.35 P. M. Trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Lancaster, Pottsgrove Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia, at 8 10 A. M. and 12 30 noon and 4 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal Way stations; the 4.10 P. M. making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road, leave Harrisburg at 3.55 P. M.

Returning: Leave New York at 9.00 A. M., 12.00 Noon and 5.00 and 9 00 P. M.; Philadelphia at 8.15 A. M. and 3.30 P. M. Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 A. M., returning from Reading at 6.30 P. M., stopping at all Stations; Pottsville at 8.45 A. M. and 2.45 P. M.; Ashland 9.00 A. M. and 12.10 noon, and 5.00 P. M.; Tamaqua at 9.30 A. M., and 1.00 and 5.45 P. M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road at 7.10 A. M. and 12.00 noon.

Reading Accommodation Train: Leaves Reading at 7.30 A. M. returning from Philadelphia at 4.00 P. M.

Pottstown Accommodation Train: Leaves Pottstown at 8.45 A. M., returning leaves Philadelphia at 5.00 P. M.

Columbia Rail Road Trains leave Reading at 7.00 A. M., and 6.15 P. M. for Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays: Leave New York at 8.00 P. M., Philadelphia 8.00 A. M. and 3.15 P. M., the 8.00 A. M. Train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8.00 A. M.; Harrisburg 5.25 A. M. and 4.10 and 9.35 P. M., and Reading at 1.00 and 7.15 P. M. for Harrisburg, and 2.05 A. M. 11.40 P. M. for New York and 4.25 P. M. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets, to and from all points, at reduced Rates.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS, General Superintendent.

Reading, Pa., Dec. 4, 1867.


## Washing Machines.

THE BEST

WASHING MACHINE

THE undersigned offers for sale, the TOWNSHIP RIGHTS of Adams county, for DE LONG'S PATENT, which is the CHEAPEST, SIMPLEST and BEST WASHER that has yet been offered to the public. The Rights will be sold on reasonable terms. This is a fine opportunity for energetic men to make GOOD WAGES manufacturing or selling these machines. A sample machine will be furnished any person who purchases a Right, if desired, a cost. Call at the store of Duphorn & Hoffman, N. W. for Square, where the machines may be seen and tried.

FRANK D. DUPHORN.

Gettysburg, June 26, 1867.—tf

## Bakery.

NEW BAKERY.

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER

Mechanicals Bakery, South Washington tr., half square from the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa. Constantly on hand, the best of

Bread,
Crackers
Cakes,
Pretzels, &c

Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery Every effort made to please. GIVE US A CALL.

April 14, 1864.

ATTENTION, ZOUAVES!

UNTIL further orders, the "GETTYSBURG ZOUAVES" will meet at their Armory, on Baltimore street, for DRILL EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, and in FULL DRESS the THIRD SATURDAY of each month at 10 o'clock, A. M.

By order of the Captain.

Oct. 9.—tf WM. R. EYSTER, O. S.

TO MILLERS.—For sale a pair of CHOPPING STONES AND GEARING—also a BOLTING MILL FIXTURES. Enquire of

G. H. BRINGMAN.

Gettysburg, Oct. 9—tf



## Watches and Jewelry.

CLOCKS, WATCHES,

JEWELRY, &C.

CALL AT

SOPER & McCART NEY'S,

NEW JEWELRY STORE,

*On York street, opposite the Bank, Gettysburg, Penna.*

A new and full assortment just received from the City.

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

such as Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, &c., also the trimmings, viz: Keys, Strings, Bows, Bridges and everything belonging to the Instruments.

*Repairing and all kinds of work in our line done promptly and on reasonable terms.*

☞All work warranted to give satisfaction—and all goods sold, warranted to be what they are represented.

Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

*No. 148 North 2d st., corner of Quarry,*

PHILADELPHIA.

*An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.*

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

☞Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. [Nov 27, 1867.—ly

GIFTS FOR CHRISTMAS & NEW YEARS!

A SUPERB STOCK OF FINE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, ALL WARRANTED TO RUN, AND THOROUGHLY REGULATED, AT THE LOW PRICE OF $10 EACH, AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

100 Solid Gold Hunting Watches.....$250 to $1,000
100 Magic Cased Gold Watches..... 250 to 500
100 Ladies' Watches, enameled..... 100 to 300
250 Gold Hunting Chronometer Watches.. 250 to 300
250 Gold Hunting English Levers..... 200 to 250
500 Gold Hunting Duplex Watches..... 150 to 200
500 Gold Hunting American Watches..... 100 to 250
500 Silver Hunting Levers..... 50 to 150
500 Silver Hunting Duplexes..... 75 to 250
500 Gold Ladies' Watches..... 50 to 250
1,000 Gold Hunting Lepines..... 50 to 75
1,000 Miscellaneous Silver Watches..... 50 to 100
2,500 Hunting Silver Watches..... 25 to 50
2,500 Assorted Watches, all kinds..... 10 to 50

The above stock will be disposed of on the POPULAR ONE PRICE PLAN, giving every patron a fine Gold or Solid silver Watch for $10, without regard to range.

WRIGHT BRO. & Co., 161 Broadway, New York, will immediately dispose of the above magnificent stock. Certificates, naming the articles, are placed in sealed envelopes, and well mixed. Holders are entitled to the articles named in their certificate, upon payment of Ten Dollars, whether it be a watch worth $1,000 or one worth less. The retail price of any of our certificates entitles you to the articles named thereon, upon payment, irrespective of the worth, and as no article valued less than $10 is named on an certificate, it will at once be seen that this is no lottery, but a straight forward legitimate transaction, which may be participated in even by the most fastidious.

A single certificate will be sent by mail, post paid, upon receipt of 25 cents, five for $1, eleven for $2, thirty-three and elegant premium for $5, sixty-six and more valuable premium for $10, one hundred and most superb Watch for $15. To agents or those wishing employment, this is a rare opportunity. It is a legitimately conducted business, duly authorized by the Government, and open to the most calceful scrutiny. Watches sent by Express, with bill for collection on delivery, so that no dissatisfaction can possibly occur. Try us. Address

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Oct. 23—3m 161 Broadway, New York.

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ARRANDALE & CO.,
162 Broadway, New York,
Post Office Box, 5,285.

Dec. 27, 1867.—3m

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*AT 704 ARCH STREET.*

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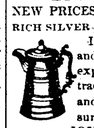

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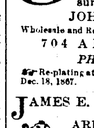
Dec. 18, 1867. [Aug. 21.—ly



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OF

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of every description, offered this season by this House exceeds in richness, variety and beauty, the efforts of any previous year. An examination respectfully solicited to prove interesting to parties from the country, who are most cordially invited to visit our establishment. All orders by mail, or inquiries respecting goods and prices, will receive careful and prompt attention. Goods carefully packed and forwarded. PRICES GREATLY REDUCED TO SUIT THE TIMES.

JAMES E. CALDWELL & CO.,
Jewelers and Silversmiths,
No. 822 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Dec. 18, 1867. [Oct. 23.—3m

JOHN BOWMAN,

No. 704 Arch Street,

*PHILADELPHIA,*

Manufacturer and Dealer in

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

Our Goods are decidedly the cheapest in the City

TRIPLE PLATE, A No. 1,

Mar. 14, 1867.—ly

## Cabinet Making.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned take this method of informing the public that they still carry on the

Cabinet-making Business,

in all its varied branches, and that they now have on hand a large assortment of

BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,

*Tables, Corner Cupboards, Safes, Sinks, Stands, Dressing Bureaus, Chairs, of different kinds; in short everything in the Cabinet-making line.*

ALSO, READY-MADE COFFINS, AND COFFINS MADE TO ORDER.

All of which will be finished promptly, at the old stand, on South Baltimore street, opposite Winebrenner's Tannery. The undersigned having had over 30 years experience in the business, flatter themselves that they can make as good work as any others, if not better. New beginners and others will find it to their advantage to call and buy from us, as we are determined to sell as low as possible to suit the times.

GARLACH & TRIMMER.

Dec. 18, 1867.—tf

BROOMS! BROOMS! BROOMS!

The undersigned continues to manufacture Brooms at his old stand in Carlisle street, adjoining Railroad Depot. He will have during the fall a full supply on hand, and will be able to furnish them WHOLE SALE OR RETAIL. Brooms made to order or on the shares. Persons having Broom Corn would do well to give him a call.

F. N. TIPTON.

Gettysburg, Oct. 16-3m



## Miscellaneous.

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Oct. 16, 1867.—4m

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ACROSS THE CONTINENT,

ARE NOW COMPLETED.

This brings the line to the eastern base of the Rocky Mountains, and it is expected that the track will be laid thirty miles further, to Evans Pass, the highest point on the road, by January. The maximum grade from the foot of the mountains to the summit is but eight feet to the mile, while that of many eastern roads is over one hundred. Work in the rock-cuttings on the western slope will continue through the winter, and there is now no reason to doubt that the entire grand line to the Pacific will be open for business in 1870.

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